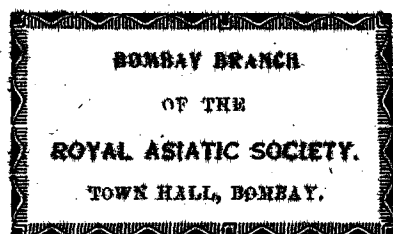


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Administration Report-
Aundh State
1919-20 & 1920-21



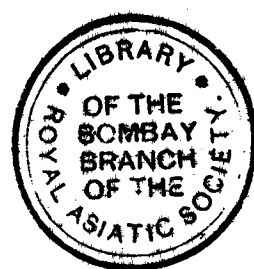
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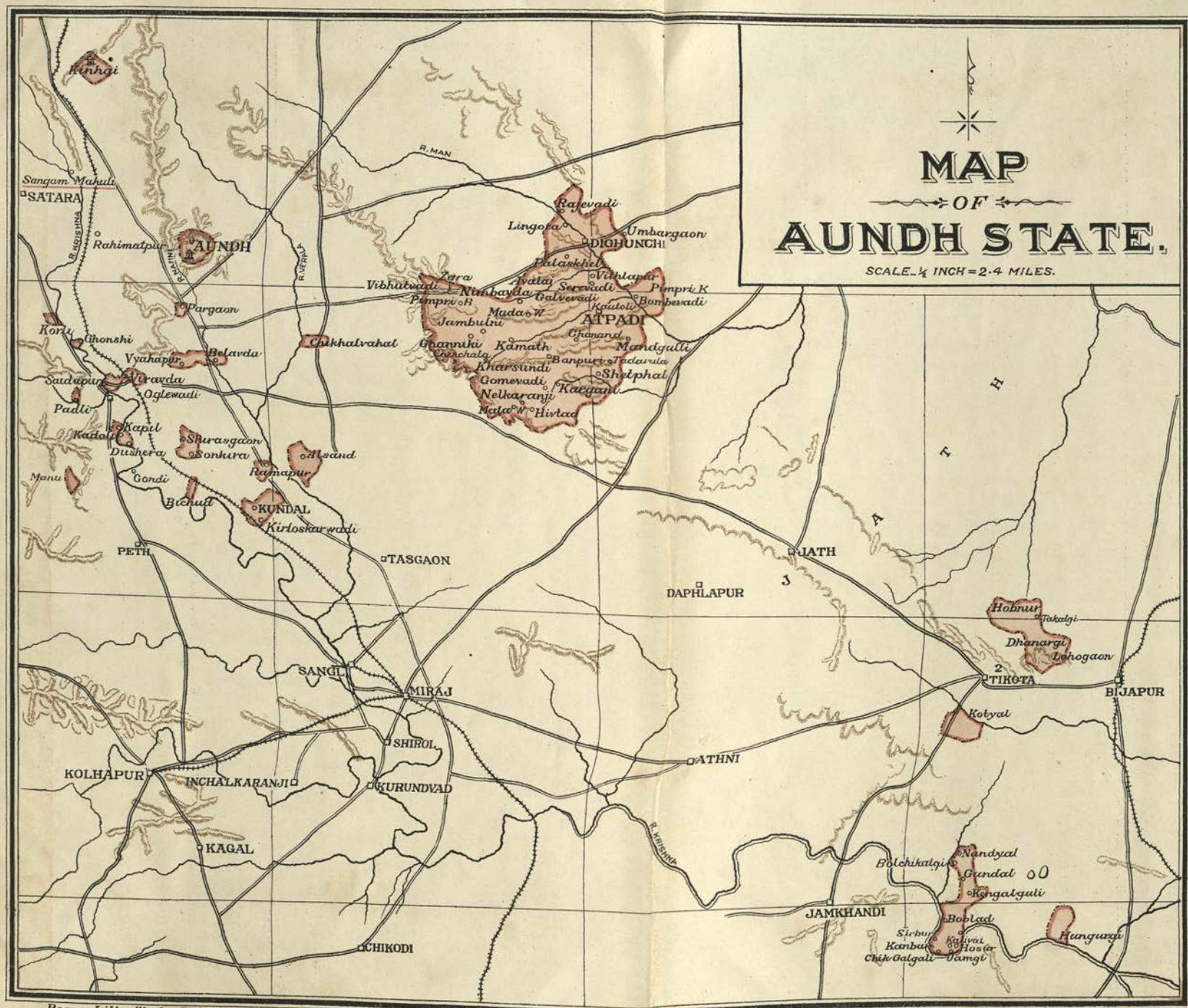
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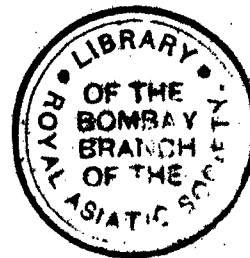


THE
Annual Administration Report
OF THE
AUNDH STATE

IN THE
SATARA AGENCY

FOR THE YEAR

1919-20.



FROM,

THE CHIEF OF AUNDH.

To,

THE POLITICAL AGENT,

SATARA.

Aundh, 5th July 1920.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Aundh State for the year 1329 Fasli ending 5th June 1920.

2. The usual Appendices as per list annexed accompany.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

3. The Aundh State comprises 72 villages divided into three Talukas and three Thanas for the sake of administrative purposes. The area of the whole State is 501 square miles with a population of 68,995 according to the Census of 1911. The gross revenue of the State, based on the average of the past five years, is Rs. 331,871-12-6 including alienations, Local Funds and all other items. The State pays no tribute to the Paramount Power or to any other State.

4. I am a Treaty Chief and a First Class Sardar of the Deccan.

Family.

5. My full name is Bhawanrao Shriniwasrao alias Balasaheb Pandit Pratinidhi. My age is 51 years. I am a Deshastha Yajurvedi Brahman by caste. I am a graduate (B. A.) of the Bombay University. I am married to the Rode family of Poona. My wife's name is Shrimati Soubhagyavati Ramabaisaheb alias Maisaheb.

6. I have got three sons and one daughter. The eldest son is aged 27 years and his name is Trimbakrao alias Rajesaheb. The second son, Parshuramrao alias Appasaheb is 7 years old. He is learning Marathi IV standard and English I standard. My third son is three years old and is called Bhayasaheb. My youngest daughter is running her third month and she is named Wasantikabai alias Taisaheb.

7. Rajesaheb is married to the Pandit family of Nagpur. His wife's name is Shrimati Sowbhagyawati Parwatibaisaheb alias Wahinisaheb. She has got two sons and one daughter. The sons are not named as yet. The elder son is aged 2 years and the younger son is 11 months old. The daughter is named Krishnabai alias Akasaheb and she is 5 years old.

8. Rajesaheb, after having passed his L. L. B. examination, got training in the administrative work according to the British methods under your guidance. He also visited Mysore and several other states in the S. M. country, with the object to see the places of interest and to acquaint himself with the lines on which the work of administration of those states is being conducted. These trips did a lot of good to him.

9. Rajesaheb expressed a desire to go to England and to stay there for about two years to get such training in economics and industry as would be useful for the development of the resources of the State. From what I know of his intelligence, ability and desire to work, I thought that his going to England would be of great use to him and to the State and so I gave my consent to his request

and informed you about it and through you to Government. He sailed on 8th June 1920 by the steamer Cap. Polonio, accompanied by his wife and daughter and has left his two younger children with me. In order to give him a hearty send off a Darbar was held at Aundh by the prominent people and officers of the State. I myself and all the members of my family and a number of friends and the principal State officers had been to Bombay to bid him farewell.

10. During the year of report the domestic events of note were the two sad deaths: — one of Lady Laxmibaisaheb, wife of my late brother Shrimant Dadasaheb and the other of my youngest son Jagatjeevanrao.

11. Another event of importance was the marriage of my grand-daughter Shrimati Soubhagyavati Shri Bagutai of Paithan. She was married to Shrimant Shri Jagannath Maharaj of Poona with the permission of His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government as she is a minor of the Court of Wards of that Government. The match is suitable in all respects and the ceremony came off successfully on 1st June 1920.

12. My nephew Shrinivasrao alias Annasaheb, who is living with me, is getting on well with his health and education.

Political.

13. During the year of report I had the pleasure of interviews with His Excellency the Governor, the Honourable Members of Council, the Commissioners C. D. and S. D., the Commissioner of Reforms, the Agent for Sardars in the Deccan, the Director of Agriculture, the Director of Public Instruction, the Inspector General of Police, the Registrar Co-operative Societies and other high officials of Government in Bombay, Poona and Mahabaleshwar. I had also the pleasure of return visits from His Excellency the Governor and other officers while I was in Poona in the month of July last. I had also the pleasure of attending the Garden Party given by His Excellency the Governor at Mahabaleshwar.

14. I had the pleasure of several interviews with your predecessors Mr. J. Ghosal C. I. E., Mr. H. V. Braham and with yourself. In the month of July last when I was in Satara I had the pleasure of visits to and from the District Judge, the District Superintendent of Police, the Executive Engineer and the Assistant Collector, Satara.

15. The distinguished persons, who visited Aundh, during the year of report were the Honourable Mr. L. J. Mountford C. B. E. Commissioner S. D., Mr. H. V. Braham, your predecessor and yourself in the months of October, November and January last. You were also pleased to camp and visit Kundal, the head-quarter of one of my Talukas, in the month of February last on your way to Islampur. During your stay you were pleased to visit different public

institutions at Aundh and Kundal and also the factory of Messrs. Kirloskar Brothers, near the Kundal Road Station and have expressed your satisfaction about them.

16. In the month of November last Dr. W. Burns, Economic Botanist to the Government of Bombay, was pleased to visit Kinhi. I had specially requested him to do so as I wanted his advice in connection with fruit cultivation in some of my lands at Kinhi. He was kind enough to take the trouble of inspecting the lands and to give me the necessary advice.

17. In the month of March last His Holiness Shri Jagatguru Shankaracharya Vidyashankar Bharatee (Dr. Kurtakoti) Peeth Karweer and Sankeshwar was pleased to visit Aundh. He was received with such honour as was due to him. He stayed here for two days and was pleased with what he saw.

18. The news that Germany surrendered unconditionally and signed the Peace Treaty was received with the greatest pleasure throughout my State. Flags were flown and thanks-giving services were held throughout the whole State. Releases and remission of sentences were granted to prisoners as a measure of clemency in celebration of this great event. All this was communicated to Government through you to which a reply was received conveying thanks for the hearty co-operation.

19. In obedience to the command of His Gracious Majesty the King Emperor, conveyed by Government through you, complete suspension of all activities for two minutes was observed throughout the whole State at the eleventh hour of the eleventh day of the eleventh month of nineteen hundred and nineteen to perpetuate the memory of the first Armistice which stayed the world-wide war and marked the Victory of Right and Freedom.

20. During the year of report the Peace celebrations were performed in the State on a very grand scale. There were very great rejoicings throughout the whole State for four days from 13th to 16th December. A special committee was appointed to carry out all the functions. The 13th of December was observed as a public holiday and all the schools and offices were closed. On the 14th, hearty prayers and thanks-giving services were held. On the 15th, the Head Masters of the schools collected all the boys and girls together and explained to them the significance of the occasion and pointed out that the celebrations marked the victorious close of the greatest and most terrible war in history and the deliverance of the world from the danger of German military domination. Button-hole flags were then distributed to the boys and girls. Alms were distributed to the blind, decrepit and poor. Indian sports were arranged and successfully gone through. At night, all the public buildings were artistically illuminated and bonfires were lighted upon the hills. On the 16th, drill of Shibandi and school boys and various other sports and races of mounted police and body-guards were held and prizes were

distributed to the successful sportsmen and wrestlers. Illuminations were also made at night. The rejoicings thus terminated amidst the greatest joy of all.

21. In the month of November last, I had the pleasure of attending the first Oriental Conference held in Poona under the auspices of His Excellency the Governor. I had also the pleasure of being present for the meeting of the First Class Sardars in the Deccan held in Poona in the same month for presenting an address to His Excellency the Governor and for the "At Home" party given by them. I was also present for the Mahomedan Educational Conference.

22. I had the pleasure of being present at the special wrestling Tournament held in the Deccan Gymkhana, Poona, under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor in the month of November. I had the honour of being selected as one of the umpires for fixing the pairs of professional wrestlers after classifying them. I had also the pleasure of attending the "At Home" given to His Excellency by the Deccan Gymkhana on that occasion.

23. In response to an appeal made by Her Excellency Lady Lloyd to carry out the scheme in the cause of childhood, I sent my donation of a couple of pearls for addition to the necklace which was thankfully acknowledged.

24. In the month of January last, the Royal Proclamation issued by His Gracious Majesty the King Emperor for the better Government of India and for the greater contentment of her people, was received with great satisfaction. Widest publicity was given to it by putting up copies of it in all the offices and the village Chavdis.

25. During the year of report, recruiting operations were in progress. Major H. C. Steen, Divisional Recruiting Officer, Kirkee had sent a party consisting of a Naik and three sepoy for recruiting purposes. All sort of help was given to them. For the encouragement of enlistment, committees of influential and leading men were appointed in every village and rewards in the shape of money were offered. With all the efforts, however, the result was not satisfactory, there being only 3 recruits enlisted against 23 of the past year. The apathy for enlistment on the part of the people seemed to be partly due to successful termination of the great war and the favourable season.

Tours.

26. I had my usual tour in the State for the Jamabandi and inspection work. While my camp was in the Talukas, I visited several villages to ascertain the condition of the people and attended to their wants as much as possible. I had also gone to Satara, Poona, Bombay, Belgaum and Mahabaleshwar for State purposes.

27. There are no Residency Officials in the State. There is no change in the personnel of high officials as will be seen from Appendix No. I. Mr. V. K. Kulkarni B. Com. Bombay, was appointed Registrar of the Co-operative Credit Societies and Manager of the State Bank during the year of report.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

Survey.

28. The whole State is brought under Survey settlement except three Inam villages the holders of which are not willing to have it introduced. The revenue Survey was introduced in the Aundh, Kundal and Gundal Talukas in the year 1895—96. The revision Survey of the Kinhi Thana and Atpadi Taluka was made in the year 1895 and 1913—14 respectively. The period of settlement is for 30 years. The rates of assessment are light and there are no complaints against them.

Waste land.

29. At the beginning of the year, the area of waste land was 2064¹/₂ acres and 7 gunthas. During the year 84 acres and 30 gunthas fell out of cultivation. The total waste land was thus 2148 acres and 37 gunthas. Out of it 25 acres and 23 gunthas were taken up for cultivation leaving 2123 acres and 14 gunthas at the close of the year. The area lying waste is larger as compared with the previous year. This was due to some inferior lands having been given up by their occupants.

Alienations.

30. There were no alienations.

Boundary disputes.

31. There were no boundary disputes.

Takavi.

32. Owing to favourable season there was no great demand for Takavi. Only a small amount of Rs. 2,147 was distributed in a few deserving cases for purchasing seeds, deepening wells and for erecting Tals.

Demand, Collection, Remissions and Suspensions.

33. The demand for the year, including the arrears of the past year, amounted to Rs. 2,77,481-14-3 as against Rs. 2,51,301-15-4 in the previous year.

Of this Rs. 2,57,882-4-1 were recovered as against Rs. 2,20,455-7-1 leaving Rs. 19,599-10-2 as arrears at the close of the year. Out of this amount Rs. 16,325-5-7 were the arrears of the year under report and Rs. 3,274-4-7 were of the past year. An irrecoverable balance of Rs. 131-13-10 was written off the accounts this year.

34. The increase both in demand and collection was due to the last year's arrears having been added and recovered during the year of report. In the arrears to be recoverable at the close of the year, the amount of Rs. 6,750/- on account of Abkari compensation and Babti Amal is included which is always received after the close of the year. This accounts for the large increase in the arrears. Deducting this amount, there remain only Rs. 12,849-10-2 as arrears to be recovered and measures are being taken for the recovery of the same.

35. As the season was fair no necessity arose for granting remissions or suspensions. Land revenue demands were timely paid up by the Ryots. No coercive measures had to be resorted to.

36. The total land under cultivation in the State was 2,84,067 acres and 30 gunthas. Out of this 2,81,944 acres and 16 gunthas were brought under cultivation.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

Legislation.

37. Appendix No. II shows the laws and regulations in force in the State. During the year, the Census Act No. XVI of 1910 was repealed and the following acts were newly introduced:—

Act No. VII of 1913, Indian Companies Act.

Act No. XX of 1919, Indian Arms Act (amendment) and Press Notes Nos. 9,268 and 10,926 dated 3-11-19 and 22-11-19 respectively of the Judicial Department of the Bombay Government regarding the changes in the working of the Arms Act.

Act No. IV of 1920, Indian Census Act.

Military Force.

38. There is no military force in the State and hence appendix No. III is blank.

Police.

39. Appendix No. IV shows the strength and cost of the Police in detail.

The number of Police of all ranks was 65 as against 60 last year. There are 4 Sub-Inspectors, 13 Head constables and 38 constables. There are besides, 10 Sowars who do the duty of mounted Police.

40. There is an increase of one Head constable and four constables in the number of Police which was due to the employment of additional police at Dushere, a village in the Kundal Taluka, in which the conduct of the inhabitants rendered it expedient to take this measure for a period of two years under section 25 of the Bombay District Police Act.

41. The duties of the Police force are regulated according to the District Police Act. Out of the number only 16 are armed with breech-loading guns and the remaining are armed with 11 muzzle loading guns and 39 swords. The Sowars are armed with 5 muzzle loading guns and the same number of lances.

42. The ratio of police to area is 1 to 8 miles and that to population 1 to 1061 souls. The number of police able to read and write is 44, while 21 are under instruction. All the men are instructed in drill.

43. The conduct of the Police force was on the whole good except 4 who were suspended departmentally for neglect of duty. Out of the number, three Sub-inspectors, one Head-constable and one constable and the mounted Police were given promotions.

44. Besides the regular Police, there are irregular armed men called Shibandi, 76 in number as against 78 last year. The services of two men were dispensed with as they were not wanted and hence there is a decrease of two in the total number. These men discharge the miscellaneous duties of guarding the Huzur and Taluka treasuries, the jail and my palace. They also supply escorts. Out of these men 27 are able to read and write. They are instructed in drill by a military pensioner.

45. The cost of the Police and Shibandi was Rs. 17,945-14-9 as against Rs. 18,381-6-4.

46. The results of the working of the Police are given in Appendices Nos. V and VI which are summarized below.

47. The total number of offences that had to be investigated by the Police was 73 as against 71 in the previous year. The number of persons arrested and sent for trial was 133 and 134 as against 86 and 82 respectively last year. Of the persons arrested 3 remained with the police for being committed. Of the persons sent for trial 95 were convicted, 47 were acquitted or discharged and 3 persons remained pending trial at the close of the year.

48. The percentage of convictions to the number of accused arrested and sent for trial was 69.3 and 65.5 as against 67.4 and 70.7 respectively in the previous year.

49. The work of the Police was on the whole very satisfactory this year. There was no offence of murder. The offence of dacoity which was committed by the Ramoshis of Warkute in the Man Taluka in the village of Galwewadi in the Atpadi Taluka was skilfully traced and 12 persons were arrested and sent up for trial. All of them were convicted and sentenced.

50. The value of property stolen and recovered during the year of report was Rs. 5,979-10-0 and Rs. 2,565-2-6 as against Rs. 2,951-1-0 and Rs. 906-10-0 respectively in the previous year as detailed in Appendix No VI. The percentage of recovery of stolen property was 42·8 as against 30·7 last year.

The Village Police.

51. The number of village Police was the same as last year. There were 72 Police Patels one to every village. The Police Patels are assisted by village watchmen. All these persons are Watandars. They assist the District Police in detecting crime and bringing offenders to justice. No Police Patels are invested with powers under the Village Police Act VIII of 1867. During the year of report 6 Police Patels were suspended for neglect of duty. The conduct of the remaining village Police was good.

Accidental Deaths.

52. During the year of report, there were 21 accidental deaths as against 22 last year. Of these 16 were from drowning in water, 4 were from snake bites, and one was from committing suicide.

Criminal Justice.

53. The number of Criminal Courts at work during the year of report was 11. The Huzur Criminal Court presided over by myself is the Chief Criminal Court and ordinarily exercises High Court criminal powers. The Karbhari exercises the powers of the District Magistrate. The work of all these courts is detailed in Appendices Nos. VII and VIII.

54. The number of cases that came up for hearing before all the courts was 114 including 4 of the last year. Of these 109 were disposed of, leaving 5 at the close of the year. The total number of accused that were dealt with was 240 as against 150 in the previous year. Of these 134 were arrested by the Police. The number of accused convicted was 143, that of acquitted or discharged was 90 and 7 persons remained pending trial at the close of the year. Of the persons who were acquitted or discharged, 7 were let off on compromise. The percentage of convictions to the number of persons brought to trial was 59·5 as against 56 in the previous year.

55. The Village Panchayat system introduced in some of the State villages is progressing very well. Rules have been framed for the working of these Pan-

chayats. They have been given civil and criminal jurisdiction in petty cases and also entrusted with the supervision over schools, sanitation, water-supply &c. subject to my general control. In criminal matters the Panchayats exercise only those powers and try such offences as are limited by the Village Panchayat Regulations.

56. The Panchayats as criminal courts had to dispose of 47 cases involving 96 persons. Of these 43 cases involving 72 persons were disposed of leaving 4 cases with 24 persons undisposed of at the close of the year. Of the persons disposed of 9 were convicted, 24 were acquitted or discharged and 39 were let off on compromise. Appendices Nos. VII A and VIII A give the description of the Panchayat Courts and the work done by them.

57. The Panchayats are also invested with powers to hold inquests under section 174 of the Criminal Procedure Code. During the year of report inquests on 4 accidental deaths were held by them.

58. The work of the Village Panchayat Courts was on the whole satisfactory. There were no complaints about the abuse of powers. These institutions have been proved to be of great use to the village communities and they have become popular.

Criminal Appellate Work.

59. Appendix No. IX shows the work done by the Appellate Courts. The number of these courts remained the same as last year viz. 2. The Huzur appellate court had to dispose of 24 appeals involving 50 persons. In 10 appeals the decisions of the Lower Courts were reversed, in 9 they were confirmed and 5 appeals remained to be disposed of at the close of the year.

60. The District Magistrate had to dispose of 2 appeals involving 6 persons. In both of them the decisions of the Lower Courts were confirmed. There were no appeals against the decisions of the Village Panchayat Courts.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

Original Work.

61. The number of Original Civil Courts was the same as last year viz. 4. Hitherto the Mamlatdar of Gundal was exercising the powers of the Sub-ordinate Judge; but the system of having both the civil and revenue powers centred in one and the same person was found objectionable and inconvenient. The civil work of this Taluka has, therefore, been entrusted to the Sub-Judge of Kapil who has to go to Gundal by turn and to dispose of the work there.

62. The details of the work done by the various civil courts during the year of report are given in Appendices Nos. X and XI. The total number of suits for disposal including the balance was 352 as against the same number last year. Of these 214 were disposed of leaving 138 undisposed at the close of the year.

as against 244 and 108 respectively in the previous year. The average duration of suits was 3 months and 7 days.

63. The value of suits filed was Rs. 45,761-14-4 and that of disposed of was Rs. 41,327-5-4 as against Rs. 54,174-15-5 and Rs. 44,496-7-2 in the previous year. The number and value of landed property and money-suits were 188 and Rs. 42,176-0-7 against 229 and Rs. 43,591-14-6 in the preceding year.

Execution Work.

64. The total number of applications for the execution of decrees was 522 including the balance as against 379 last year. Of these 322 were disposed of leaving a balance of 200 as against 158 and 221 in the previous year. Of the applications that remained over at the close of the year, 75 were below 6 months, 74 were below 12 months and 51 were above 12 months.

65. Last year, the work of execution was ordered to be stayed on account of the unfavourable season. During the year of report the situation was improved and orders were, therefore, issued to resume the execution work as before.

Civil Work of the Village Panchayat Courts.

66. According to the Village Panchayat Regulations these courts have been invested with powers to decide civil suits upto the value of Rs. 100/-. The execution work of these courts is done by the Taluka Sub-Judges' Courts.

67. During the year of report, these courts had to dispose of 61 suits including the balance of 17 of the last year. Of these 25 were disposed of leaving 36 at the close of the year. The value of suits filed during the year was Rs. 1,938-2-10 as against Rs. 1,893-1-6 in the previous year. The average duration of suits was 3 months and 3 days as against one month and 14 days in the previous year. The number of suits that remained to be decided at the close of the year was larger as compared with the previous year. This was due to parties having not been served in many suits. The work of the Village Panchayat courts was, on the whole, satisfactory. There were no appeals against the decisions of these courts.

Civil Appellate Work.

68. The work done by the Appellate courts is detailed in Appendix No XII. The powers of the High Court are exercised by me and those of the District Judge are exercised by the Karbhari. The Special Appellate Court had to dispose of 18 appeals including the balance of 5 in the previous year. Of these 15 were disposed of leaving 3 at the close of the year.

69. The District Judge had to dispose of 70 appeals including 29, the balance of the last year. Of these 30 were disposed of leaving 40 at the close of the year. Some appeals were filed at the end of the year and in some, notices

could not be served on the parties and hence they remained undisposed of at the end of the year.

70. The average duration of appeals in my court was one month and three days and that in the District Court, 2 months and 15 days.

The Mamlatdar's Courts' Act.

71. During the year of report, the Mamlatdars had to dispose of 16 suits including the balance of one as against 14 last year. Out of them 15 were disposed of leaving one undisposed of at the close of the year. There were 3 applications for revision. In two the decisions of the Lower Courts were confirmed and in one it was reversed.

Extradition.

72. There was a demand for surrender of 24 persons from the British Territory as well as from Native States. All of them were surrendered. Four persons from this State were handed over to the British police. There was no want of reciprocity in the surrender of accused persons.

Prisons.

73. Appendix No, XIII gives the particulars of the Huzur Jail as well as Taluka lock-ups in the State which are four in number. The total number of prisoners admitted in the Huzur Jail as well as in the Taluka lock-ups was 120 as against 79 last year. The number of prisoners that remained at the close of the year was 50 as against 13 in the previous year.

74. The Huzur Jail is at Aundh. The Medical Officer at Aundh superintends it. The building is spacious and ventilated. The prisoners are generally employed on printing press, gardens and other miscellaneous work. Remission system according to jail rules is in force. The conduct and health of the prisoners was good.

75. The total expenditure on account of the Jail Department was Rs 3,236-14-9 as against Rs. 2,948-8-10 in the previous year.

Registration.

76. The details of the work done by the Registration Department are given in Appendix No. XIV and Appendix No. XV shows the receipts and expenditure of that department. No separate establishment is maintained for it. The Mamlatdars do this work. The powers of the District Registrar are exercised by the Daftardar and Treasury Officer.

77. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year of report was 654 against 818 in the previous year. Of these 653 were

registered and one was refused for registration. The value of documents registered was Rs. 2,43,599-9-11 as against Rs. 3,15,347-13-4 last year. The fees realized on account of registration of documents were Rs. 1,778-4-0 as against Rs. 2,134-6-6 last year.

78. The number of documents presented for registration was small and the fees realized were also proportionately smaller as compared with the previous year. This was due to favourable season.

79. There were two applications to the District Registrar against the orders of the Sub-Registrars. In one the application was granted and in the other it was rejected.

Municipalities.

80. There are three Municipalities in the State. These bodies have been invested with powers of electing their members, Presidents and Vice-Presidents. Although the institutions are small the members thereof work with interest and zeal. There are no instances of their abuse of powers.

81. Appendix No XVI shows the receipts and expenditure of Municipalities. The income was Rs. 2,505-11-9 as against Rs. 1,886-10-9 and the expenditure was Rs. 2,395-6-3 as against Rs. 1,799-6-8 in the previous year. The income is also supplemented from the State funds. The principal sources of income are house-tax, cattle-pound-fees and other miscellaneous items. The items of expenditure are sanitation, lighting, water-supply and road-repairs.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION and DISTRIBUTION,

Rain-fall and Crops.

82. Appendix No. XVII shows the rain-fall in the State. During the year of report, it was fairly sufficient and well distributed in all parts of the State as compared with the previous year. The rain was seasonable for the Khariff sowing but it held out afterwards in the Atpadi and Gundal Talukas, while it was excessive in Kinhi, the result being that the Khariff crops did not yield satisfactory out-turn in those parts. As regards the Rabi crops, the rain-fall was sufficient in the beginning and was also plentiful afterwards except in Aundh and Atpadi Talukas and consequently crops yielded a poor harvest. Excepting these parts the Rabi crops yielded a very good out-turn. On the whole, the season was much more favourable than that of the last year. The out-turn of Khariff and Rabi crops varied from annas 8 to 12. Irrigated crops thrived very well. Cultivation of wheat, groundnut and linseed increased on account of the sufficient and timely rain-fall. The area under sugarcane considerably fell owing to the want of sufficient water in wells and canals at the planting season due to insufficient rain-fall in the previous year. The cotton area also fell down on account

of more area being cultivated with wheat, jowari and other food grains on account of the general rise in the prices of food-stuffs. The supply of drinking and irrigation water was short in the beginning but it was sufficient afterwards.

Locusts.

83. There were no locusts in any part of the State.

Wages and Labour.

84. The rates of wages rose very high on account of the general rise in the prices of foodstuffs, cloth and other necessities of life. The rates of skilled labour were from Rupee one to Rupees one and a half and those of unskilled labour were from annas 6 to 8. The rate of cart hire was from Rs. 2 to Rs. 2-8 a day.

85. The rates of food-grains comparatively fell down this year as will be seen from Appendix No. XVII.

Forest.

86. The land set apart for forest purposes was 3,248 acres. No new land was reserved this year. The forest chiefly consists of rocky hills and unarable lands. They are sold every year for grazing. No separate establishment is maintained for this Department.

Trade and Manufacture.

87. Owing to the scattered position of the State, there are very little prospects of trade increasing. The principal imports are rice, sugar, salt, spices, cocoanuts, stationery, kerosene oil, piece-goods, yarn, timber, tiles, stones, metal-pots, bangles, coke, coal; raw materials for making glass, soda, cast-iron, pig-iron, chemical apparatus, photographic materials and other articles required for daily use.

88. The exports are:- wheat, gram, Jowari, Bajri, groundnut, jaggery, turmeric, linseed, safflower-seed, cotton, khadi, wool, Cambli, cattle, tanned leather hides, iron agricultural implements, iron decorative railings, glass chimneys, globes, bangle glass, coregum, hippuric acid etc.

89. Of the imports the articles from coke, coal etc. are consumed largely by Kirloskar Brothers, the Ogale Glass Works, the State Laboratory, the Ayurvedic Chemical Pharmacy, the Dispensaries and the electrical plant and oil-engine. Of the exports, hippuric acid and coregum are sold on a very small scale at present but the demand is gradually increasing and arrangements are being made to produce them on a larger scale.

90. During the year of report, 570 pallas of Tarwad bark were supplied

to the Government Hides Inspector Dharwi, Bombay through the State agents authorized for the purpose. The control system has recently been abolished.

91. During the year of report, the control system about the import and export of foodstuffs was abolished in the British Territory; but it has been still in force in the State. No grain or fodder is allowed to be exported outside without a pass from the State Authorities. It has been found that the cultivators generally dispose of food-grains and fodder very lavishly at the harvesting season and afterwards so much so that there remains very little stock with them to feed themselves or their cattle. In order to meet this difficulty it has been found expedient to maintain the control system which has proved very useful at least as far as the food-grains and fodder are concerned.

92. The control system as regards the supply of kerosene oil has been abolished in the State.

Manufacture, Arts and Industries.

93. Iron Factory:— During the year of report, the iron factory of Messrs. Kirijskar Brothers was converted into a Limited Liability Company with an authorized capital of Rs. 10,00,000, as this step was found necessary by its proprietor on account of the greatly increasing demand for ploughs and other farm implements, to meet which a much larger capital was quite essential. The Company has among its directors very experienced and able hands and is making excellent progress.

94. The Company manufactures farm implements of the improved type including ploughs, pumps, fodder-cutters, hand-hoes, mote-wheels, corn-shellors sugarcane-mills etc.

95. The Glass Factory of Messrs. Ogale Brothers at Ogalewadi in the Kuudal Taluka was also converted into a Joint Stock Company called Messrs. S. P. Ogale and Company with a share capital of Rs. 2,00,000 for the sake of carrying on the manufacturing work on an extensive scale. The Factory has now concentrated all its attention on the manufacture of lamp-ware such as chimneys, globes etc. which command a very good market.

96. Though the War has come to a successful termination the condition as regards the supply of raw material on account of the Railway restrictions was not in any way improved and so both the factories had to suffer a good deal on that account. Still, in spite of these difficulties, they have done a good deal of work and have made a steady progress.

97. Both the factories were visited by European and Native gentlemen of high rank and position, amongst whom were Shri Shankaracharya Jagatguru of Sankeshwar and Karweer Math (Dr. Kurtkoti), Shrimant Babasaheb Patwardhan, Chief of Miraj (Junior), Lt. Colonel C. F. Harold, Assistant Resident, Kolhapur. You were also pleased to visit both the factories. I had also the

pleasure of paying visits to both the factories. The visitors were quite pleased with the arrangement and working of the factories and their remarks are highly satisfactory.

98. The Ayurvedic Chemical Pharmacy of Dr. Patankar at Kinhi is also progressing well. His medicines are having a wide sale and are becoming popular.

99. The Aundh State Laboratory manufactures Coregum, Hippuric acid and some other Photography Chemicals. The demand for Coregum and Hippuric acid is increasing and the industries are being enlarged to meet the growing demand. The preparation of sugar from jaggery has been almost successful and it is under contemplation to form a company to produce sugar by this process on a large scale. Experiments in crystallisation of sugar, drawing oil and making transparent soap are taken in hand and they are almost on their way to success.

100. Weaving:- There are several cottage industries in the Atpadi Taluka such as weaving blankets, khadis, saris etc. which are in a prosperous condition. In order to make the weaving industry a more paying concern it is quite essential to introduce the improved types of looms among the weavers and efforts are being made in that direction.

101. The small weaving class at Aundh is gradually developing and a large weaving school will shortly come out of this small parent institution where the boys of weavers will have an excellent chance of learning practically the methods of working on improved types of looms and will serve as a useful medium to bring the improved patterns of looms more and more into practice among the weaving class.

102. There are many country oil-presses in Atpadi and other Talukas where oil is extracted from ground-nut safflower-seed and Karanj-seed and it is consumed locally.

103. The Dhors from Atpadi Taluka and Kinhi tan hides and the leathers prepared are exported to Bombay, Karachi and other trading centres.

Public Works.

104. The total expenditure on public works, during the year of report, was Rs. 7,836-5-6 as against Rs. 11,518-4-3 last year as detailed in Appendix No. XIX. The important works done this year were the repairs to Atpadi Bhiwghat and Banpuri-Kharsundi roads, some additions to my palace at Aundh and the bungalows at Kundal and Gundal. The other items of expenditure were the usual repairs to offices, public buildings, ferry boats etc.

Post Offices.

105. The number of Post Offices in the State is 8. Of these, two are Sub-Post Offices while the others are Branch Offices. The Tonga service which is in

use for carrying mails from Aundh to Rahimatpur station has been very useful to the Postal Department as well as to the public. The Aundh Sub-Post Office transacts business with the Aundh State Treasury as sanctioned by Government in their Resolution No 2,841 dated 4th September 1911, Financial Department.

Telegraph.

106. Combined with the Post office there is only one Telegraph office at Aundh, which is still a guaranteed office. It meets the convenience both of the State and the public.

Mint.

107. There is no mint in the State. The currency of the British Government is in use throughout the whole State.

General condition of the State and the people.

108. The season was, on the whole, fairly good though not one of plenty. The agriculturists had sufficient corn to spare and they made much money owing to the prevailing high prices of food grains. The labouring class both skilled and unskilled also thrived very well owing to high rates of wages. The condition of the people was generally fairly good though they have not yet been completely restored to their normal condition on account of the bad effects of the failure of crops during the last year.

109. Public health was generally good. The birth rate as well as the death rate were lower this year, the former being due to the bad after-effects of the Influenza epidemic of the last year and the latter being due to the comparative absence of the prevalence of epidemic diseases this year.

110. There was a sufficient supply of fodder and water this year owing to the favourable season and the condition of the cattle was good. Appendix No. XX will show the agricultural stock in the State. There was an increase in the number of bullocks, buffaloes and the agricultural implements.

Emigration and Immigration.

III. There was no immigration during the year. Emigration was also confined to those who usually migrate to trading centres for getting higher wages.

Excise.

112. Opium-farming is managed by the State on the same lines as those of the British Government. The management of the country-liquor including toddy has been leased to British Government for a further period of 10 years, commencing from 1st August 1914, for a yearly consideration of Rs. 11,500 subject to revision after every three years. The agreement about the Hemp-

drug was renewed for a further period of 5 years commencing from 1st April 1916 for a yearly compensation of Rs. 8,820.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

113. The total receipts and expenditure of the year will be seen from Appendix No. XXII.

Receipts.

114. Exclusive of the opening balance, the total receipts of the year were Rs. 3,52,041-0-6 as against Rs. 7,63,674-5-2 in the previous year. Last year there was a large amount of debt contracted (item No 10) and also there were account adjustments of the War Loan Bonds purchased by the State as well as from the Ryots' money (items No. 11 & 12) which was not the case during the year of report and hence the large decrease of Rs. 4,11,633-4-8 in the total receipts.

The increase under the heads Land Revenue and Local Funds is due to the recovery of the arrears of the past year and also to the amount of fine levied on land appropriated for non-agricultural purposes.

The duty on opium as well as the sale proceeds of farming of the opium shops were small this year and hence the decrease under this head.

The increase under the head Abkari is due to the surplus revenue received by the State for the triennium ending 31st July 1917.

The fees realized on account of registration of documents were small and hence the decrease under this head.

The increase under the head Judicial is due to large sale of court fee stamps.

The decrease under the head Education being small requires no explanation.

The increase under the head Other Receipts is due to certain deposits written off and credited to the State.

There was a large recovery of Takavi and hence the increase under this head.

The increase under the head Deposits is due to large receipts on that account. There was also a large account adjustment of advances and hence the increase under this head.

No new debt was contracted during the year of report. The amount shown under this head is the amount of interest on the old debt adjusted.

No War Loan Bonds were purchased during the year of report and hence the decrease under the heads Nos. 11 & 12.

The amount of interest on the war loan bonds for the last year was for one year and a half whereas the amount received during the year was for one year only and hence the decrease under this head.

The increase under the head Interest on State Bank is due to large money dealings during the year of report.

Expenditure.

115. The decrease in the Khasgi was due to rather favourable rates of food grains and other articles.

The increase under the head Allowances is due to some arrear payment.

The increase under the head Incidental Expenses was due to my son Shrimant Rajesaheb's going to England. This amount includes the passage expenditure of my son and the party as well as the amount of Rs. 16000/- which has been deposited with Messrs. Thos. Cook and Son, Bombay for his two years' expenses.

The decrease under the head Paga being small requires no explanation.

The increase under the heads Administrative and Revenue Department is due to the appointment of two officers and to the promotions given to servants.

The increase under the head Judicial Department is due to promotions, batta expenses and fees of the pleaders entertained for the conduct of cases.

The increase under the head Educational Department is due to promotions given to teachers and also the increase in the number of them.

The decrease under the head Shibandi is due to reduction in the number. The increase in Police is due to promotions and the appointment of five additional men.

The increase under the head Jail is due to a greater number of prisoners.

Last year some outstanding bills on account of medicines were

paid which was not the case this year and hence the decrease under the head Dispensaries.

The decrease under the head Forest being slight requires no explanation.

The amount spent on public works was small and hence the decrease under this head.

The decrease under the head Minor Establishment being slight needs no remarks.

There was no arrear payment just as was the case last year and hence the decrease under the heads Dharmadaya and Watandars and Hakdars.

The amount paid in Liquidation of debt was small and hence the decrease under this head.

The decrease under the head Miscellaneous being small requires no remarks.

Small amount was paid on account of Deposits and hence the decrease under this head.

The amount paid on account of Advances was large and hence the increase under this head.

The small decrease under the head Pension calls for no remarks.

A large amount was purposely invested in the State Bank as it is a profitable concern and hence the increase under this head.

No amount was invested in War Loan this year and hence the decrease under this head.

The amount distributed as Takavi was small and hence the large decrease under this head.

The amount spent on Plague, Cholera and Influenza was small this year owing to the comparative absence of these diseases.

The decrease under the head Recruiting is due to small amount being spent on this item.

Grain Compensation being stopped during the year owing to favourable rates there is a decrease under this head.

The amount paid back to the Ryots on account of War Loan was small and hence the decrease under this head.

No amount was spent on Laboratory this year for buying any apparatus and hence the decrease under this head.

There was no payment on account of Printing Press and hence the decrease under this head.

116. The total expenditure of the year was Rs. 3,74,381-5-2 as against Rs. 4,50,975-0-11 last year. There was a net decrease of Rs. 76,593-11-9 in the expenditure which was chiefly due to small amounts being paid on account of liquidation of debt and Ryots' war loan. I would have paid more on account of these items but I had to meet with the incidental expenditure of my son's going to England.

State Debt.

117. The debt against the State at the close of the year was as under:—

Debt due at the beginning of			
the year	Rs.	1,82,488	11 8
Add interest	„	9,979	11 11
Amount due to Ryots on ac-			
count of their war loan	„	1,35,768	1 6

Total Rs. 3,28,236 9 1

Deduct repayment			
(items Nos. 17 & 29) ...	Rs.	18,734	2 2

Balance to be paid Rs. 3,09,502 6 11

118. It will be seen from the above figures that the State has to pay in all Rs. 3,09,502-6-11. As a set off against this it has got balance as under:—

Government Security War			
Loan Bonds of the value of Rs.	2,86,707	12	0
Amount invested in the			
State Bank	„	36,826	11 6
Cash balance	„	33,065	10 4

Total Rs. 3,56,600 1 10

In other words the State possesses more by Rs. 47,097-10-11 than what it has to pay and so its financial condition is improving.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS &c.

Medical Relief.

119. The number of Dispensaries in the State is 4 as last year. All of them are in charge of qualified Medical Hospital Assistants. Appendix No. XXIII shows the details of the work done by the several dispensaries. The total attendance was 13,782 as against 16,621 last year. There was a decrease of 2,839 patients which was due to the non-appearance of any epidemic. Of the patients treated, 1,015 were from the British Territory. The major and minor operations performed in all the dispensaries were 364 against 478 in the previous year.

120. The system of charging one anna per six doses from all the outside patients was continued during the year of report. The prevailing diseases were fevers of intermittent type, diseases of eye and stomach, bowel complaints, respiratory affections, intestinal worms, skin-diseases and diseases of lungs.

121. There are also two native physicians employed at Kinhi and Kundal respectively and they are very useful to those persons who like to have native medicines.

122. I visited the dispensaries at Kundal and Atpadi during my tour and found them working satisfactorily. You were also pleased to visit the dispensaries at Aundh and Kundal and the remarks made by you are also very favourable.

123. The expenditure on medical relief was Rs. 4,479-14-4 during the year of report as against Rs. 5,558-13-0 last year.

Sanitation.

124. There are four Village Sanitation Committees in the State. These institutions look after the sanitation of those places where they are established. Elsewhere it is supervised by the Taluka Officers under my directions. The income of these institutions is mostly derived from house-tax which is utilized for cleaning the village, improving water-supply and roads, street-lighting etc.

Vaccination.

125. During the year of report complete control over the Vaccination Department which was so long with the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner C. D. was handed over to the State. The medical officers of the Aundh, Atpadi, Kundal and Gundal dispensaries were sent to Belgaum to get training at the Vaccine Institute in the preparation and preservation of lymph and the general supervision work concerning vaccination. They have returned after completing the course and have been appointed Vaccination Inspectors of their respective Talukas, the Medical Officer at Aundh being in charge of the vaccination of Kinhi and Sangam.

Mahuli besides the Aundh Thana. The uniformity as regards working and statistics has been maintained.

126. There are two vaccinators at Atpadi and Kundal who do the vaccination work of the whole State. The vaccination of the Kundal, Gundal and Aundh Thanas and the villages of Kinh and Sangam Mahuli is done by the vaccinator at Kundal. The glycerined lymph is provided by the Belgaum Vaccine Depot at the State expense.

127. The number of children vaccinated during the year of report was 1863 as against 2119 of the previous year. Of these, 1717 were successful, 7 were unsuccessful and the result of 139 was not known. The work of the Vaccination Department was satisfactory.

128. The total expenditure on Vaccination was Rs. 839-8-6 as against Rs. 813-14-4 last year.

Births and Deaths.

129. The total number of births was 2,222 as against 2,318 and that of deaths was 1,711 against 7,895 last year as will be seen from Appendix No XXIV. The ratio per thousand of population of births and deaths was 32.2 and 24.7 respectively as against 33.6 and 114.4 of the last year. There was a decrease in the ratio of both births and deaths, the former being due to the decrease in population and the latter being due to the absence of any epidemic of a virulent type.

Epidemics.

130. During the year of report, there was no plague in any part of the State. Rat-killing was in progress as a preventive measure. Cholera broke out in 3 villages. The number of attacks and deaths was 47 and 25 respectively. Necessary measures were taken for its suppression. Influenza prevailed in one village, the number of attacks being 73 and deaths 15.

131. Small-pox appeared in 9 villages, the number of attacks and deaths being 104 and 3 respectively. The health of the public was, on the whole, good this year.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

Primary Education.

132. There are 43 primary schools including the compulsory schools as against the same number last year. They are described in Appendix No. XXV. During the year, three schools were newly opened, three schools were closed on

account of the paucity of students and one aided school was converted into a state school. The total number of students in these schools was 1972 as against 2127 last year. The average daily attendance was 1525 as against 1532 last year. The classification of students is 304 Brahmans, 5 Jains, 280 Lingayats, 113 depressed classes, 34 aborigines, 1072 other Hindus and 164 Mahomedans.

133 Education in boys' schools is given upto Vernacular VII standard while in other schools it is given according to the new Curricula of the Department. In the Mahomedan school Urdu and Arabic are taught and for other subjects the boys attend the classes of the primary school. This school teaches only 3 Urdu standards.

134. During the year one teacher was sent to the Training College, Poona to study the 3rd year's course. One teacher passed the Intermediate Drawing Examination. All the schools showed a fair progress.

Compulsory Education.

135. There are 34 compulsory schools in the State as described in Appendix No. XXV A. The students in these schools are taught upto Vernacular IV standard and for further education they are required to join the primary schools.

136. Education is given free for the first year to all the students whether they may be State subjects or outsiders and the latter are charged nominal fees after one year.

137. As difficulties arise in teaching the new curricula of the State, it is being changed and a new one will be introduced soon. The compulsory education is slowly becoming popular and in a few years more will serve the purpose for which it is meant,

Middle Schools.

138. There are three Middle Schools :- at Aundh, Atpadi and Kundal. They teach Vernacular standards from V to VII along with English Standards I to III. They are the feeder schools to the High School at Aundh. The number of students in these schools was 244 including one girl as against 199 last year. The daily average attendance was 167 as against 137 last year. The classification of students is 86 Brahmans, 3 Jains, 22 Lingayats, 3 low castes, 105 Mahrattas, 20 other Hindus and 5 Mahomedans.

139. The Middle school at Aundh had some advantage over other schools in being under the direct supervision of the High school staff, in getting boarding and boarding scholarships for the students and in having carpentry, singing, drawing, weaving, and gardening classes attached to it. It has taken part in all special events and activities of the High School. Drawing is also taught in the Atpadi middle school. Debating unions for students and teachers, model lesson-classes are held in these schools and are very useful in instructing the untrained staff.

140. The Middle school at Aundh sent 4 students and 3 ex-students for V. F. examination out of which one and one passed respectively. The Middle school at Atpadi sent 11 students and 6 ex-students for the V. F. examination, out of which 11 passed. The head master of the Middle school at Aundh showed the fortress of Ajintara to the students taken to Satara for the V. F. examination. The Kundal school did not send any students for the V. F. examination this year.

Secondary Education.

141. The Shri Yamai Shriniwas High school, Aundh teaches English from standard IV to VII. The number of students on roll was 100 as against 111 last year. The classification of boys was 81 Brahmins, 2 Lingayats, 2 Hindus, 9 Mahrattas, 4 backward Hindus and 2 Mahomedans. There were 7 Brahmin girls in the High school during the year. 7 students were sent up for the School leaving examination, of which 5 passed. Out of the successful students one was a female student. 8 were sent up for the Elementary drawing examination, and 7 for the Intermediate drawing examination, out of which 5 and 5 passed respectively. The examination results of this year are quite satisfactory and reflect credit on the Head master and his staff.

142. In order to increase the efficiency of the High school staff, two graduates were newly entertained. One of the teachers appeared for the S. T. C. examination and passed only in the written portion of it. One teacher who was given some concession to prosecute his further studies in the College, passed the Inter Arts examination and is studying further.

143. Special care was taken for the physic and health of students. In addition to native and foreign games, gymnasium and ordinary drill were introduced and the students showed a fair progress. The volunteers from the Boy Scouts worked on all public occasions but they were less enthusiastic this year.

144. The religious and moral instruction is continued. The class-libraries are also continued and the students in general are developing the habit of extra reading. The Debating classes are well conducted and many students took part in the oratory competition in the Anant Chaturdashi festivals.

145. Furniture, such as desks of new type were provided to one class, and new chairs were supplied to all the classes.

146. The High school laboratory was well equipped. Weaving, hosiery, carpentry, paper-folding, card board work, knitting and gardening were continued this year. The branch of leather-working was closed for some days owing to want of a teacher. Object-lessons were introduced.

147. The private Model school with boarding and lodging arrangements at Kinhri was closed as it was not properly conducted according to rules.

General.

148. Students from the High school and other schools at Anndh took part in all wrestling matches held at Aundh and two of them won medals of merit at the Deccan Gymkhana tournaments at Poona. A team for Atyapatya and Malkhamb was sent to these tournaments. The High school played matches with the High school and New English school at Satara.

149. Shimaga sports and races were held and the night programmes of lectures, dialogues, speeches, farces, cinema and magic lantern were also continued this year. Special prizes were given for the proficiency of the students for acting in the dialogues and farces. The public also took part in these sports and a running race for 12 miles was held for them.

150. The students' Industrial Exhibition was opened at Aundh by my son Shrimant Rajesahab Praonidhi B. A., L. L. B. who delivered a very informing address. The articles sent up for the Exhibition this year were, though small in number, more finished and almost all of them were quite useful to the general public. These Exhibitions were also held in every Taluka in order to give facility to the students at these places and around them to see and know what an exhibition is. This was found to be useful as many boys from surrounding schools came to see the Exhibitions and many of them sent articles to the Exhibition. The articles sent in general were very interesting and it shows that the boys have a natural liking to do such things.

151. During my tour I found in the Gundal Taluka that almost all teachers took interest in making their boys prepare buttons from mother of pearl, cocoanut shell, horns, bones etc. This shows that there is material and tendency for the development of the industry.

152. Boarding and boarding-scholarships were given to students on condition that they pass all the examinations and keep their ranks within 10 in their classes. Two lady students were given scholarships and two more scholarships are set apart this year, for getting 60 P. C. marks in all the examinations of the year. Some students are given a loan at a very low rate of interest to prosecute their higher education in the University, in the J. J. School of Art and in the Kala Bhuwan at Baroda. One student is given a scholarship to study medicine at Satara in the Aryanglavaidyak school.

153. One Mr. Damodar Chintaman Nene of Dhond has deposited Rs. 400 in the State bank; out of the interest of this sum a scholarship of Rs. 2 per month is to be awarded to a High school student who will be found to be good in study and health. The scholarship is named as "Milk-stipends" and Mr. Nene has bestowed it in memory of the help which he received in his education from the Anndh State. For the year 1919-20 it was awarded to M. B. Kulkarni of the VII standard.

154. Mr. Mountford, Commissioner S. D., Mr. Braham and yourself were pleased to visit the High school and other schools at Aundh and the remarks made by you all are satisfactory.

155. In my tour I visited several schools, opened the exhibitions at Kundal and Atpadi, distributed prizes and advised the people in general to attend the industrial exhibitions of their boys.

156. During the year of report Mr. P. A. Inamdar M. A., B. Sc. Superintendent of the Educational Department of the State, continued to work with great zeal and energy. He took keen interest in his department and introduced many reforms. He took with him the head masters of different schools, while on inspection duty and showed and explained to them the lines on which they should work in order to increase the standard of efficiency of education in schools. He held teachers' conference and introduced their meetings for deliberations on educational topics. On the whole, he has done a good deal towards the advancement of the department for which he deserves credit.

157. The total expenditure on education was Rs. 27,990-2-1 as against Rs. 24,674-4-0 last year.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

State Bank.

158. The State Bank is doing its business satisfactorily. This department has been given in the charge of a responsible independent officer, whose appointment was made in the month of October 1919. He is a Bachelor of Commerce of the Bombay University and is sure to manage the business on a sound basis. Loans at reasonable rate of interest on good securities are given to the state people. The important change in the investment of this bank during the year was that much of its capital was used in financing the different co-operative societies in the State. The State deposit in this Bank is greatly increased and much of the deposit is invested in financing co-operative societies in the State.

159. The new manager is thinking of framing new rules and regulations in order to carry on the work of management more successfully and properly. The old system of keeping accounts will also be changed and the English system of account-keeping will be introduced during the next year as far as it is possible. Upto the beginning of the last year, the Bank was doing its business simply in advancing loans to the individual agriculturists and industrial persons but in future the work of the Bank will be greatly increased as the Bank will advance money to the co-operative societies, to persons working some industries and to every business man in the State whose activities are handicapped through want

of money. The Bank rate of interest will be fixed by the manager and it will vary according to the security offered and the purpose for which the loan is to be granted. The Bank will also do the business of advancing loans to every person, who will keep gold or silver in the Bank. Shop-keepers will also get short-time loans on the general security of their shops. Thus the work of this Bank will be more extensive and will be of much use to the people in the State.

160. The opening balance of the Bank at the beginning of the year was Rs. 1,31,746-12-11. The receipts during the year on account of deposits, interest, investments and other miscellaneous items were Rs. 60,772-6-8. The total amount at the close of the year was thus Rs. 1,92,519-3-7. The expenditure was Rs. 8,793-12-3 on account of payment of interest, deposits and establishment charges. The net balance at the close of the year was Rs. 1,83,725-7-4. Out of this amount Rs. 12,980-15-3 are in cash and Rs. 1,70,744-8-1 are in the shape of bonds.

Co-operative Credit Societies.

161. With a view to establish co-operative societies in the State, the Co-operative Societies Act No. II of 1912 was introduced in the State in the year 1917 and with the help of Mr. R. M. Sane, District Honorary Organiser, one society was organised at Kundal. Two more societies - one at Aundh and the other at Kinhi were organised and registered during the same year. From 1917 upto 1919 no more societies were organised as there was no special officer in charge of the Co-operative Department. Upto 1919 the condition of these three societies was not good as there was no direct financial aid from the State and so the societies were any how trying to exist by collecting a few local deposits. On account of this condition no progress was seen in the increase of the working capital of these societies. To improve this condition the following measures were adopted during the year.

162. A special officer was appointed as the Registrar of Co-operative Societies in whose charge the whole Department was given. This officer was deputed to Sholapur and Satara Districts through Mr. Eubank, the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Bombay Presidency for special training in that line.

163. The second thing which was done by the State in order to facilitate the work of organising co-operative societies was that a sum of Rs. 50,000 out of the State's war loan was reserved for financing these societies.

164. The new officer after getting the special training made a tour in the State and carefully studied the economic condition of different villages. He reorganised the three old societies and started two more societies during the year. At the beginning of the year the total number of members was 75 and the working capital was Rs. 1500/-. During the year as the societies were reorganised and a direct help was given by the State, a marked progress could be seen. The total number of members is now 165 while the working capital is over Rs. 10,000/-. The people are, day by day, knowing the advantages from these societies and they

are making use of the society's loan in bettering the condition of their agriculture. There is a great field for the organisation of different types of societies in the State and it will be done gradually.

Agriculture.

165. During the year of report Mr. S. G. Darshane B. Ag. Agricultural Inspector of the State made a tour in all the Talukas of the State with a view to ascertain the condition of agriculture and the agriculturists. He visited almost all the villages and delivered very useful lectures on various important agricultural topics. The subjects which were prominently treated by him were the introduction of modern agricultural implements, the utilization of artificial manures and the intensive farming of new profitable garden crops. It has been found that the cultivators though very slow at the beginning to appreciate the new methods take to them very readily as soon as they are convinced of the superior profits deriving from them. The Agricultural Inspector also gave very good advice and hints to individual cultivators who had the curiosity to try the new methods of cultivation and they were immensely benefited thereby.

166. Among the improved agricultural implements, the iron plough is becoming more popular day by day and it is hoped that a time may soon come when the old wooden plough will be completely replaced by the iron-plough, the advantages of which are so immense. As regards the other improved implements, such as the seed-drill, harrow, hoe and others they are not as yet appreciated by the people but efforts are being made to popularise them as much as possible. In order to encourage greater and wider use, a few iron-ploughs have been kept at some of the important centres of the State for giving them to the people on a low rate of hire.

167. Of the artificial manures, the Ammonium Sulphate and the Sodium Nitrate were tried by a few cultivators in the case of garden crops such as sugar-cane, cabbage etc. and they were simply surprised at the amazing results achieved. New crops such as cabbage, knolkhol, cauliflower, potatoes, tomatoes, beet, grapes etc. were tried with successful results and the cultivation of sugar-cane according to the Manjri Farm method was also carried on in one or two places, the result being the decrease in cost of cultivation and an increase in the yield of gul produced. The new type of gul-boiling furnace has been found very economical by the cultivators.

168. During the year, the Agricultural Inspector was deputed to visit the Indian Sugar-cane Committee at the Karad station where he saw Dr. Mann and a few other members of the committee and supplied the information asked for.

169. In order to have practical demonstrations of the new methods of cultivation it is proposed to start a model farm at Atpadi where the majority of the cultivators of the State will be able to see everything done practically before their eyes and would naturally be induced to adopt the best and most profitable methods of cultivation after getting themselves convinced about their decided

superiority. The scheme is under contemplation and will soon be brought into effect.

170. On the whole, the work done and the progress made, during the course of the year, in connection with the furtherance of the cause of agricultural improvements have been very promising and satisfactory and it may, therefore, safely be hoped that within a few years more there will be a great change in the machinery and methods of cultivation that are now in vogue among the cultivating classes.

Minors' Estates.

171. The estates of the minors under the management of the State were 12 at the close of the year. The opening balance of these estates was Rs. 1,18,087-7-9. The receipts during the year were Rs. 30,404-11-10 thus making the total of Rs. 1,48,492-3-7. The expenditure was Rs. 20,779-2-7 leaving the balance of Rs. 1,27,713-1-0 at the close of the year. Out of this amount Rs. 1,18,789-7-5 are in the shape of bonds and Rs. 8,923-9-7 are cash. The health of the minors is good and their education is well attended to.

The Ryots' Assemblies.

172. These assemblies were held at Atpadi and Kundal while my camp was there. They were represented by the leading people of all the villages in the Taluka and the members took a lively interest in the proceedings and placed their grievances and needs which were attended to as much as possible.

Dewasthans.

173. The number of State-managed dewasthans continued to be the same as last year viz 11. The fairs in connection with them are held at Atpadi, Khar-sadi, Kargani, Boblad, Saidapur, Kinh, Aundh and Sangam Mahuli and they are largely attended. Cattle Bazars are held in some of these fairs and a large number of cattle is sold at good prices. Strict attention is paid to sanitary measures and police arrangement at these fairs.

Cattle breeding.

174. The Khillar cattle maintained at Atpadi are progressing well. There are 24 cows, 30 she-calves and 3 bull-calves. 10 bull-calves were sold this year for Rs. 269. Besides the cattle there are camels which are used in carrying loads.

Taxes.

175. There are no taxes on trade.

Tolls.

176. There are two toll-bars within the limits of this State viz. at Dighan-chi and Bhivghat in the Atpadi Taluka of this State. The State officers of the

status of British officers are exempted from paying toll in the Satara and Bijapur Districts. The same concession has also been granted by the District Local Board. Similar concession is granted by me to officers of the British Government on duty who pass the toll-bars in my State.

Wild Animals.

177. There are no wild animals in the State except wolves and wild pigs. The wild pigs cause great damage to crops. Prizes have been awarded for their destruction.

Records.

178. The State records have been carefully assorted and they are in a good condition.

Record of Rights.

179. This work is complete and rewriting has been commenced in the Talukas in which the term has expired.

Libraries.

180. There are three libraries in the State viz. at Aundh, Kundal and Atpadi. No proscribed books or papers are allowed to be subscribed or read in them. I have presented some useful books to these institutions.

Printing Press.

181. There is only one type-printing press in working order. No newspapers or magazines are printed therein. Forms required for the use of all offices, court fee and general Stamps and other miscellaneous work are printed in this press.

Family Pension Fund.

182. This fund is progressing very well. Revised rules in connection with it have been brought into force. In all, 28 widows and 40 children of State servants who died prematurely get pension from this fund.

Mahratta and Lingayat Funds.

183. These funds which are started for the benefit of boys of these castes are utilized in granting loans to agriculturists and the interest derived therefrom is used for giving scholarships to these boys.

St. John's Ambulance Association.

184. Aundh is one of the centres of this Association. Lectures are given to boys in the High school in first aid.

Departmental and Pleaders' Examinations.

185. These examinations were held during the year. 5 candidates for the Departmental examination, 2 for the Lower standard and 8 for the pleaders' examination appeared and they all came out successful except two who failed in the pleaders' examination.

186. In conclusion, I thank you, the Commissioner C. D. and the Government for the kind support and advice which I have received from time to time and which, I hope, will ever be continued.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

B. S. PANDIT PRATINIDHI.

Chief of Aundh.

APPENDICES

FROM

I To XXV-A.

*List of appendices accompanying the Annual Administration Report of the
Aundh State for the year 1919-20.*

No.	Name of Appendix
1	Changes in personnel of High Officials in the State.
2	Laws in force in the State.
3	Military Force (<i>Nil</i>).
4	Strength &c. of the Police.
5	Working of the Police.
6	Value of property stolen and recovered.
7	Crimes and their nature in the ordinary Courts.
7 A	Do. in the Village Panchayat Courts.
8	Working of the Magisterial Courts.
8 A	Do. of the Village Panchayat Courts.
9	Criminal appeals.
10	Civil work—Nature and value of original suits.
10 A	Do. of the Village Panchayat Courts.
11	Civil Work—Execution of decrees.
12	Civil Work—Appeals.
13	Jail and Lock-ups.
14	Registration of documents.
15	Registration—Receipts and Expenditure.
16	Municipalities.
17	Rain-fall.
18	Prices of food-grains.
19	Public Works—Expenditure.
20	Agricultural stock.
21	Excise shops and revenue.
22	Receipts and disbursements.
23	Medical relief.
24	Vital statistics.
25	State Schools.
25 A	Compulsory Education.

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—I.

Names of high officials in the Aundh State showing changes in personnel during the year 1919-20.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		REMARKS.
		From	To	
Vaman Vishnu Date	State Karbhari	6th June 1919	5th June 1920	
Vaman Balwant Gokhale	Huzur Chitnis	Do.	7th February 1920	
Gangadhar Keshav Sapre		8th February 1920	5th June 1920	
Ganesh Babaji Hiwarekar	Treasury Officer	6th June 1919	Do.	
Pandharinath Atmaram Inamdar, M. A., B. Sc.	Superintendent Educational Department and Director of Industries	Do.	Do.	
Mohaniraj Shankar Mulay, M. A.	Superintendent Laboratory Aundh	Do.	Do.	
Gopal Bhikaji Karandikar B. A., L. L. B.	Sub-Judge	Do.	Do.	
Shivram Govind Darshan B. Ag.	Agricultural Inspector	Do.	Do.	
Vasudeo Krishna Kulkarni B. Com.	Manager State Bank and Registrar Co-operative Societies, Aundh State	4th October 1919	Do.	
Narayan Vithal Goliwadekar	Head Master High School	6th June 1919	Do.	
Vishnu Ramchandra Kelkar	Deputy Educational Inspector	Do.	5th August 1919	

5th July 1920.

V.V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

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APPENDIX—II.

List of Laws, regulations and rules in force in the Aundh State 1919—20.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
<i>Government of India Acts.</i>			
No. XVIII of 1850, Protection of Judicial officers	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" XV of 1856, Hindu Widow Remarriage ...	"	...	
" XXXIV of 1858, Lunatics	"	...	
" XIII of 1859, Breaches of Contract	"	...	
" XLV of 1860, Indian Penal Code with amendments	"	...	
" II of 1861, Prevention of Gambling with amendments	"	...	
" III of 1864, The Foreigners' Act with orders regarding the registration and control of Non-Asiatic foreigners and the regulating of their arrival and departure from British India...	"	...	
" VI of 1864, Whipping Act with amendments.	"	...	
" XXV of 1867, Press and Registration of books	"	...	
" XIV of 1869, Civil Courts Act with amendments	"	...	
" VII of 1870, Court Fees with amendments ...	"	...	
" XXI of 1870, Hindu Wills	"	...	
" I of 1871, Cattle Trespass Act	"	...	
" XXVII of 1871, Criminal Tribes Act with amendments	"	...	
" I of 1872, Evidence Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" IX of 1872, Contract Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" XV of 1872, Indian Christian Marriage Act ...	"	...	
" X of 1873, Oaths and Solemn Affirmation Act with amendments	"	...	
" IX of 1875, Majority Act	"	...	
" XIX of 1876, The Dramatic Performances Act	"	...	
" I of 1877, Specific Relief Act with amendments	"	...	
" I of 1878, Opium Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" VI of 1878 Treasure trove	"	...	
" XI of 1878, Arms Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" III of 1879, The Destruction of Records Act...	"	...	
" XVIII of 1879, Legal Practitioners Act with amendments	"	...	
" XIII of 1880, Vaccination Act with amendments	"	...	

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. V of 1881, Probate and administration Act with amendments ...	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" XV of 1881, Factories Act with amendments	"	...	
" XXVI of 1881, Negotiable Instruments Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" II of 1882, Trust Act... ..	"	...	
" IV of 1882, Transfer of Property Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" V of 1882, Easements Act	"	...	
" VI of 1882, Companies Act with amendments	"	...	
" XIX of 1882, Land Improvement Loans Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" I of 1884, Local Boards Act... ..	"	...	
" IV of 1884, Explosives Act with amendments	"	...	
" XII of 1884, Agricultural Loans Act ...	"	...	
" XIII of 1885, Telegraphs Act... ..	"	...	
" VII of 1887, Suits Valuation Act	"	...	
" VII of 1898, Succession Certificate Act ...	"	...	
" VIII of 1890, Guardian and Wards Act with amendments	"	...	
" IX of 1890, Railways Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" XI of 1890, Prevention of cruelty to animals...	"	...	
" IV of 1893, Partition	"	...	
" I of 1894, Land Acquisition	"	...	
" IX of 1894, Prisons Act with amendments and the rules framed under its sec. 59, sub sec. 5	"	...	
" III of 1897, Epidemic Diseases Act	"	...	
" VII of 1897, Reformatory Schools Act with amendments.	"	...	
" X of 1897, General Clauses Act	"	...	
" V of 1898, Criminal Procedure Code with amendments	"	...	
" VI of 1898, Postal Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" II of 1899, Stamps Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" VIII of 1899, The Indian Petroleum Act ...	"	...	

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. XII of 1899, Counterfeiting and forging Currency notes and Bank notes ...	Adapted* from British Indian Acts.	...	*Press Notes Nos. 9268 and 10926 dated 3-11-19 and 22-11-19 respectively of the Judicial Department of the Bombay Government regarding the changes in the working of the Arms Act are also introduced.
" III of 1900, Prisoners Act'	"	...	
" III of 1901, Municipal Act with amendments	"	...	
" XV of 1903, Extradition Act	"	...	
" VI of 1907, Seditious Meetings Act	"	...	
" V of 1908, Civil Procedure Code with special application of section 29	"	...	
" VI of 1908, The Explosive Substances Act ...	"	...	
" VII of 1908, The Newspaper (Incitements to offences) Act	"	...	
" IX of 1908, Limitation of Suits	"	...	
" XIV of 1908, The Indian Criminal Law (amendments)	"	...	
" XVI of 1908, Registration Act	"	...	
" I of 1910, Indian Press Act	"	...	
" IX of 1910, Indian Electricity Act	"	...	
" III of 1911, Criminal Tribes Act	"	...	
" XII of 1911, Indian Factories Act	"	...	
" XVII of 1911, Airship Act	"	...	
" II of 1912 The Co-operative Societies Act ...	"	...	
" VII of 1913, Indian Companies Act	"	...	
" * XX of 1919, Indian Arms Act (Amendment)	"	Introduced during the year.	
" IV of 1920, Indian Census Act	"		
<i>Bombay Regulations and Acts.</i>			
" II of 1827, Pleaders Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" VIII of 1827, Heirs, Administrators & Executors	"	...	
" XII of 1827, Police (Duties and Powers of Magistrates)	"	...	
" VII of 1863, Exemption of Land Revenue ...	"	...	
" VIII of 1866, Poisons Act	"	...	
" VIII of 1867, Village Police Act	"	...	
" III of 1869, Local Funds Act with amendments	"	...	
" III of 1874, Watan Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" III of 1875, Tolls Act	"	...	

APPENDIX-II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. V of 1878, Abkari Act with amendments ...	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" VII of 1878, Forest Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" V of 1879, Land Revenue Code with amendments ...	"	...	
" VII of 1879, Irrigation Act with amendments.	"	...	
" I of 1889, Village Sanitation Act ...	"	...	
" II of 1890 Salt Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" IV of 1890 District Police Act with amendments	"	...	
" IV of 1903, Record of Rights, Bombay and the rules framed thereunder ...	"	...	
" I of 1905 Court of Wards Act ...	"	...	
" II of 1906, Mamlatdar's Court Act ...	"	...	
Shooting Regulations and rules ...	"	...	
Rules for the superintendence and management of jails in the Bombay Presidency Part I of 1901 ...	"	...	
Circular orders issued by the High Court of Bombay for the guidance of Criminal Courts & officers subordinate to it 1915.	"	...	
Circular orders issued by the High Court of Bombay for the guidance of Civil Courts & officers subordinate to it 1912.	"	...	
The Indian Naval and Military News (Emergency) Ordinance No. 1 of 1914	"	...	
The Foreigners' Ordinance No. III of 1914	"	...	
Motor Vehicles Act No. VIII of 1914. ...	"	...	
Ordinance No. II of 1915 providing special protection from Civil and Revenue litigation to Indian Soldiers on War as per G. R. No. 4235-W dated 2-6-1915, Political Department. ...	"	...	
Rules for the remissions of Court fees on probates &c. in respect of property of persons killed or dying in the present War as per G. R. No. 4486 dated 30 th July 1915, Political Department. ...	"	...	
<i>State Rules and regulations.</i>			
Rules regarding the uniform system of weights and measures of capacity.	Made by the State.	...	
Compulsory Education Rules. ...	"	...	
Village Panchayat Rules ...	"	...	
" I of 1919 A regulation to provide for the prevention of smoking by juveniles in the Aundh State ...	"	...	

5 th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military Force in the Aundh State.

APPENDIX—IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police in the Aundh State for the year 1919-20.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished Judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Sub-Inspectors of Police ...	4	35, 32, 30, 25	} 11,887-4-4	...	...	...	3	...	4	...	All the men are instructed in drill.
Head Constables	13	20, 15, 12, 10		...	4	...	1	...	13	...	
Constables	38	10, 8		...	...	...	1	...	22	16	
Sowars	10	26, 24		...	...	...	10	...	5	5	
Total...	65	...	6,058-10-5	...	4	...	15	...	44	21	
Sandry armed men	76	...		...	...	...	...	...	27	15	
Grand total	141	...	17,945-14-9	...	4	...	15	...	71	36	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Aundh State during the year 1919—20.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested.		Percentage of convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	Past Year.	Present Year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Aundh ...	71	73	86	133	82	134	58	95	13	47	67.4	69.3	70.7	65.5	* Remained over last year with the Police. § Three remained with the Police out of which one escaped. † Remained over last year with the Magistrates. ‡ 3 remained to be disposed of.

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Aundh State during the year 1919—20.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Aundh...	Rs. a. p. 2,951 1 0	Rs. a. p. 5,979 10 0	Rs. a. p. 906 10 0	Rs. a. p. 2,565 2 6	30·7	42·8	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE;
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VII. (continued)

APPENDIX—VII—A.

Statement showing the Criminal work done by the Village Panchayats in the Aundh State during the year 1919-20.

Number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of cases undisposed of during present year.	Number of persons dealt with.	Number of persons convicted.	Punishment.		Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons let off on compromise.	Awaiting trial.	REMARKS.
		Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Fine.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
I. P. Code.														
CHAPTER XVI														
1	Voluntarily causing hurt, sec. 323 ...	1	26	27	25	2	50	4	4	11	32	3		
2	Assault, sec. 352 ...	...	7	7	7	...	8	2	2	5	1	...		
CHAPTER XVII														
3	Mischief, Sec. 426 ...	...	1	1	...	1	18	...	...	...	...	18		
4	Criminal trespass, sec. 447.	1	10	11	10	1	18	3	3	6	6	3		
CHAPTER XXII														
5	Insult intended to provoke breach of peace, sec. 504	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	2	...	...		
	Total ...	2	45	47	43	4	96*	9	9	24	39	24		* This includes 5 persons that remained over last year.

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,

Kaibhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Aundh State during the year 1919—20.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.										Persons disposed of.					REMARKS.
		Past year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in the present year.						Total.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.		
					Arrested by police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of Magistrate.	Past year.								Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
1	POLITICAL AGENT'S COURT...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	* Of these two were of the last year.
1	Huzur Sessions Court ...	7	5	2	15	1	...	...	...	9	*18	...	...	...	*18	...	...	...	† Remaining at the end of last year in the Sessions Court.
2	District Magistrate ...	4	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	11	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	†
3	Sub-judge and First Class Magistrate Kundal	15	10	...	20	3	5	...	...	21	28	2	11	14	1	...	...	...	†
4	Daftardar and Magistrate First Class...	16	31	...	27	15	11	...	...	27	53	...	18	30	1	...	...	...	†
5	Special First Class Magistrate Gundal...	2	1	9	...	1	...	...	...	9	10	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	†
6	First Class Magistrate Kundal ...	24	8	...	15	...	1	...	...	40	16	...	1	15	...	...	...	...	†
7	First Class Magistrate Atpadi ...	...	7	...	23	1	1	...	...	...	25	1	7	15	...	...	...	...	†
8	Second Class Magistrate Atpadi	19	19	...	19	2	23	...	...	31	44	12	...	20	12	...	...	...	†
9	Do. Gundal	5	20	2	22	2	9	...	...	11	35	3	18	12	2	...	...	...	†
10	Do. Kundal	...	11	...	5	...	18	...	...	...	23	6	2	15	...	...	...	...	†
11	Third Class Magistrate Atpadi ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	†
	Total ...	85	110	11	134	24	69	...	...	150	238	25	65	125	16	...	7		
											12			118					
											240			143					

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,

Karlhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VIII—A.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Village Panchayat Criminal

Courts in the Andh State during the year 1919—20.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.			Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	REMARKS.	
		Past year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in the present year.		Total.	Discharged, or Acquitted.	Convicted.	Let off on Compromise.	Died, escaped or transferred.			
					Called by the Panchas.	Voluntary.								
														Past year.	Present year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
ATPADI TALUKA.														
1	Village panchayat of ATPadi ...	5	...	5	...	...	12	5	3	...	2	...	...	...
2	Do. Dighanchi ...	1	6	...	12	...	1	12	1	...	11	...	...	...
3	Do. Nimbavade ...	8	7	...	8	...	15	8	3	3	2	...	...	...
4	Do. Kargani ...	5	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Do. Zare ...	1	2	...	3	...	2	3	1	2	...	...	...	...
6	Do. Kharsundi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Do. Gomewadi ...	3	3	...	4	...	6	4	...	1	3	...	...	...
8	Do. Sheiphal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Do. Nelkaraji ...	2	3	...	5	...	5	5	2	...	2	...	1	...
KUNDAL TALUKA.														
10	Village panchayat of Kundal ...	2	7	...	9	...	3	9	4	2	3	...	...	...

APPENDIX—IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Aundh State during the year 1919--20.

	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.														REMARKS.				
		Applica- tions rejected.		Sentences.			Proceed- ings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.							
				Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.														
															Persons.		Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
																				Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.
Huzur Appellate Court of the Chief of Aundh	24	...	...	23	9	...	...	...	19	10	...	...	...	...	...	8	5			
District Magistrate, Aundh State	2	...	...	6	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	26	...	...	29	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—X.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Aundh State for the year 1919—20.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.										Suits disposed of during present year.					REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1000 & under Rs. 5000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5000.	Exparte.	Admitted & compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration.	
Civil Courts in the Aundh State ...	103	108	249	244	352	352	244	214	108	138	Rs. a. p. 45,761 14 4	52	136	56	109	114	14	7	...	62	53	25	74	41,327 5 4	Rs. a. p. 41,327 5 4	Y. M. D. 0-3-7

5th July 1920

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—X—A.

Civil Work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of by the various Village Panchayat Civil Courts in the
Aundh State for the year 1919-20.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Value of the suits filed during present year	Suits disposed of during present year.					REMARKS.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.		Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.		Average duration.
Village Panchayat Civil Courts	...	17	49	44	49	61	32	25	17	36	Rs. A. P.					Rs, A. P.Y. M. D.		

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XI.

Civil work—Results of applications for execution of decrees in the Aundh State for the year 1919—20.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Number of applications pending disposal at the close of year.			REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Rs. a. p.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
Civil courts in the Aundh State	160	221	Rs. a. p.	219	301	Rs. 52814 8 9	379	522	Rs. 96825 13 4	158	322	Rs. 47992 15 10	221	200	Rs. 48832 13 3	75	74	51	
... ..	...	...	44011-4-4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XII.

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in civil suits in the Aundh State for the year 1919-20.

Tribunal.	Open at balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balances.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of								Average duration.		
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Cases remanded for retrial.	Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.	Past year.	Present year.	
1. Special Appellate Court of the Chief of Aundh ...	8	5	13	13	21	18	16	15	5	3	564 15 4	4381 14 3	3	12	3	2	...	10	1	...	...	3-0-17	3-1-3
											Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	V. M. D. V. M. D.
2. District Judge's Court ...	21	29	33	41	54	70	25	30	29	40	2294 8 1	6091 0 11	16	21	3	1	2	3	3	1	...	3-3-24	3-2-15

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jail and Lock-ups in the Aundh State during the year 1919—20.

Stations.	Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.						Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.						
				Past year.	Present year.								
Huzur:—													
Jail at Aundh ...	1	11	31	41	42	10.3	27.5	29	Rs. a. p.	12.01			
Lock-up at													
(1) Atpadi													
(2) Kundal	4	2	76	38	78	...	3.6	21	3,236-14-9	18.63			
(3) Gundal													
(4) Kinhi													
Total ...	5	13	107	79	120	...	...	50	3,236-14-9	...			

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIV.

Registration of documents in the Aundh State for the year 1919—20.

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.				REMARKS.			
			Mortgage.				Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.													
			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22					
Aundh ...	818	654	200	184	436	315	9	10	0	3	173	142	815	653	3,15,347	13	42,43,599	9	11	3	1	...	...	...	...	...

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1919—20 in the Aundh State.

Description.	Past year.			Present year.			REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage ...	200	91,928 11 3	519 6 0	184	68,274 8 6	474 0 0	* This amount includes Rs. 1500-the value of 1 deed of which registry was refused.
Sale-deeds ...	436	1,85,804 0 1	1,160 8 0	315	1,48,209 9 6	871 14 0	
Wills ...	9	656 0 0	36 2 0	10	1536 0 0	32 14 0	
Money bonds ...	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	3	400 0 0	3 8 0	
Miscellaneous ...	173	38,059 2 0	418 14 6	142	26,679 7 11	396 0 0	
Total ...	818	3,16,447 13 4	2,134 14 6	654	*2,45,099 9 11	1,778 4 0	
Deduct expenditure ...	...	.....	0 8 0	...	.....	0 0 0	
Net profit ...	...	.....	2,134 6 6	...	.....	1,778 4 0	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVI.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Aundh State during the year 1919—20.

Name.	Opening balance on 6th June 1919.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 5th June 1920.	REMARKS.
		Present.	Past.		Present.	Past.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Atpadi	Rs. A. P. 201 1 1	Rs. A. P. 463 10 0	Rs. A. P. 347 2 6	Rs. A. P. 664 11 1	Rs. A. P. 536 9 8	Rs. A. P. 259 7 8	Rs. A. P. 128 1 5	
Kundal	120 15 9	1,158 10 6	474 15 6	1,279 10 3	976 1 11	437 13 6	303 8 4	
Aundh	15 8 11	883 7 3	1,064 8 9	899 0 2	882 10 8	1,102 1 6	16 5 6	
Total...	337 9 9	2,505 11 9	1,886 10 9	2,843 5 6	2,395 6 3	1,799 6 8	447 15 3	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVII.

Statement of Rain—fall in the Aundh State for the year 1919—20.

State.	April 1919.	May 1919.	June 1919.	July 1919.	August 1919.	September 1919.	October 1919.	November 1919.	December 1919.	January 1920.	February 1920.	March 1920.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past five years.	REMARKS.
Aundh	...	5.48	2.52	4.95	4.11	11.08	0.57	0.14	...	1.37	...	...	30.22	16.68	29.86	
Kinhi	...	0.70	8.46	5	1.85	6.75	1.06	1.36	...	0.83	...	...	26.01	14.13	29.63	
Kundal	...	1.99	3.60	3.03	3.58	7.75	1.35	1.24	0.12	0.37	...	...	23.03	18.35	32.77	
Atpadi	0.16	2.36	4.82	1.81	0.28	9.42	0.45	1.29	...	1.68	...	...	22.27	13.34	23.78	
Gundal	...	...	1.32	0.20	0.15	10.34	3.59	1.68	...	...	...	...	17.28	13.76	21.08	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains in the Aundh State for the year 1919—20.

Article.	During March. (Present year.)			During March. (Past year.)			REMARKS.
	Seers.	Chataks.	Tolas.	Seers.	Chataks.	Tolas.	
Jowari	6	12	0	4	...	2	1 Seer = 80 tolas.
Bajri	6	12	0	3	11	2	1 Chatak = 5 tolas.
Wheat	3	12	0	3	11	2	
Gram	3	12	0	3	11	2	
Tur pulse	2	11	0	4	...	2	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works in the Aundh State during the year 1919—20.

Description of work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand total.	REMARKS.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
Offices.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
...		2,103 8 9	2,103 8 9	.....	.....	.....	2,103 8 9	
Bungalows.		1,885 1 2	1,885 1 2	.....	37 6 0	37 6 0	1,922 7 2	
Other buildings.		2,000 4 10	2,000 4 10	.....	.....	.....	2,000 4 10	
Roads.		733 9 3	733 9 3	.....	.....	.....	733 9 3	
Wells.		25 0 0	25 0 0	.....	.....	.....	25 0 0	
Dharmashalas.		21 12 0	21 12 0	.....	62 8 0	62 8 0	84 4 0	
Ferry boats.		493 0 0	493 0 0	.....	.....	.....	493 0 0	
Miscellaneous.		474 3 6	474 3 6	.....	.....	.....	474 3 6	
Total		7,736 7 6	7,736 7 6	.....	99 14 0	99 14 0	7,836 5 6	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XX.

Agricultural stock in the Aundh State during the year 1919-20.

State.	Year.	Horses and cattle.											Ploughs.		Carts.		REMARKS.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.			
				Male.	Female.												
Aundh	1919-20	14,666	12,431	229	4,382	350	309	129	193	61,723	1,724	1,861	117	1,523			
	1918-19	13,930	12,588	312	4,311	402	324	99	226	62,985	1,654	1,778	61	1,606			
Decrease		...	157	83	...	52	15	...	33	1,262	...	...	...	83			
Increase		736	...	...	71	...	...	30	...	...	70	83	56	...			

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXI.

Statement showing the Excise revenue of the Aundh State during the year 1919-20.

Name of State,	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		REMARKS.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Aundh...	6	† Rs. a. p. 14,849 6 9	12	Rs. a. p. 9,436 14 5	11	* Rs. a. p. 8,820 0 0	3	Revenue of Tari is included in the amount of Abkari compensation.	32	Rs. a. p. 33,106 5 2	† The Abkari lease is renewed for a further period of 10 years commencing from 1st August 1914. * The lease of Hemp drugs is renewed for a further period of five years commencing from 1st April 1916.

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX

Receipts.

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure

No.	Items.	1918-19.	1919-20.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	OPENING BALANCE.—				
	State	28,432 12 4	3,35,392 13 8	3,06,960 1 4	.....
	Local Fund	981 10 5	6,720 13 4	5,739 2 11	.....
	Total ...	29,414 6 9	3,42,113 11 0	3,12,699 4 3	.....
1	Land Revenue	1,66,285 13 0	2,02,689 5 2	36,403 8 2	.....
2	Local Funds	14,456 14 7	15,854 4 11	1,397 6 4	.....
3	SAYER REVENUES.—				
	Opium	13,113 11 10	9,436 14 5	.....	3,676 13 5
	Abkari (including Bhang and Ganja)	20,320 0 0	23,669 6 9	3,349 6 9	.....
	Miscellaneous (including Registration)	10,499 12 5	10,252 12 1	.....	247 0 4
	Total ...	43,933 8 3	43,359 1 3	.....	574 7 0
4	Judicial (including Stamps) ...	18,870 7 11	20,273 1 0	1,402 9 1	.....
5	Education (Fees)	579 2 9	496 0 9	.....	83 2 0
6	Other Receipts	1,698 2 7	3,311 1 3	1,612 14 8	.....
7	Takavi	689 9 9	4,203 7 0	3,513 13 3	.....
8	Deposits	7,118 7 2	19,416 11 2	12,298 4 0	.....
9	Advances	6,164 15 8	11,624 14 4	5,459 14 8	.....
10	Debts contracted	1,86,982 6 7	9,979 11 11	.....	177,002 10 8
11	War Loan bonds purchased by the State	1,25,000 0 0	.....	.....	125,000 0 0
12	Do. Do. from the Ryots' money	1,61,819 13 4	.....	.....	1,61,819 13 4
13	Interest on War-Loan bonds ...	25,116 10 8	15,598 0 0	.....	9,518 10 8
14	Interest on State Bank	4,938 4 11	5,235 5 9	277 0 10	.....
	Total ...	7,63,674 5 2	3,52,041 0 6	.....	4,11,633 4 8
	Grand total with balance ...	7,93,088 11 11	6,94,154 11 6	.....	98,934 0 5

5th July 1920.

XXII.

of the Aundh state for the year 1919-20.

Expenditure.

No.	Items.	1918-19.			1919-20.			Increase.			Decrease.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Khasgi	41,488	14	3	36,962	4	11	.....			4,526	9	4
2	Allowance paid to other members of the chief's family	13,750	0	0	16,100	0	0	2,350	0	0	.....		
3	* Incidental expenses ... ..	.....			21,586	13	0	21,586	13	0	.....		
4	Paga	10,899	6	4	10,680	1	3	.....			219	5	1
5	Administrative (Establishment) .	8,163	13	3	9,285	2	3	1,121	5	0	.....		
6	Revenue Department	10,447	2	8	10,948	4	0	501	1	4	.....		
7	Judicial Department	4,896	9	10	6,007	5	6	1,110	11	8	.....		
8	Educational Department	24,674	4	0	27,990	2	1	3,315	14	1	.....		
9	Shibandi	6,988	6	9	6,058	10	5	.....			929	12	4
10	Police	11,392	15	7	11,887	4	4	494	4	9	.....		
11	Jail	2,948	8	10	3,236	14	9	288	5	11	.....		
12	Dispensaries (including Vaccination)	6,372	11	4	5,319	6	10	.....			1,053	4	6
13	Forest Department	52	0	0	44	0	0	.....			8	0	0
14	Public works (including repairs)..	11,518	4	3	7,836	5	6	.....			3,681	14	9
15	Minor Establishments	9,384	0	3	9,056	13	2	.....			327	3	1
16	Dharmadaya (Dewasthan)	21,045	9	0	19,285	15	1	.....			1,759	9	11
17	Liquidation of debts	49,493	10	11	916	8	3	.....			48,577	2	8
18	Miscellaneous	39,586	8	9	38,940	7	7	.....			646	1	2
19	Deposits	31,551	14	6	13,483	14	6	.....			18,068	0	0
20	Advances	28,968	13	2	32,144	8	6	3,175	11	4	.....		
21	Watanlars and Hakdars	24,541	7	7	22,119	2	8	.....			2,422	4	11
22	Pensions	3,754	12	11	3,381	5	1	.....			373	7	10
23	Investment in the State Bank ...	6,759	2	9	36,826	11	6	30,067	8	9	.....		
24	Do. in the War Loan	25,000	0	0	.....			.....			25,000	0	0
25	Takavi	12,569	0	0	2,147	0	0	.....			10,422	0	0
26	Plague & Influenza expenses ...	1,864	13	1	57	9	6	.....			1,807	3	7
27	Recruiting expenses	946	12	10	154	14	1	.....			791	14	9
28	Grain compensation	4,073	15	4	3,133	8	6	.....			940	6	10
29	Repayment of Ryots' War Loan	26,051	11	10	17,817	9	11	.....			8,234	1	11
30	State Laboratory	5,790	4	11	.....			.....			5,790	4	11
31	Printing Press	6,000	0	0	972	10	0	.....			5,027	6	0
	Total	4,50,975	0	11	3,74,381	5	2	.....			76,593	11	9
	Closing balance	3,42,113	11	03	19,773	6	4	.....			22,340	4	8
	Grand total	7,93,088	11	11	6,94,154	11	6	.....			98,934	0	5

* On account of the voyage of Shri-mant Rajesaheb to England.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Aundh State during the year 1919—20.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	REMARKS.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Aundh	7124	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a p.	65.9	*This amount includes the expenses of the native physicians.
Atpadi	3463	5	4	...	...	1	*4,479 14 4	24.09	
Kundal	2476	...	...	...	...	...		36.7	
Gundal	719	...	...	...	...	...		12.2	
Total	13782	5	4	...	...	1	4,479 14 4	...	

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Aundh State during the year 1919--20.

Name.	Population.		Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.				Remarks.
			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Aundh ...	68995	2318	2222	...	96	7895	1711	...	6184	33.6	32.2	114.4	24.7		

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX--XXV.

Particulars of the schools maintained by the Aundh State during the year 1919--20.

Number of Schools.	Description of schools.		Number of pupils on roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			REMARKS.
	Past Year.	Present year.	Past Year.	Present Year.	Past Year.	Present year.	High School	Secondary.	Primary.	
47	47	1 Shri Yemai Shrinivas High School	111	100	91	76	Rs. a p. 9,401 3 0	...	...	...
		3 Middle Schools	199	244	137	167	...	...	...	
		34 Primary Schools for boys	1,755	1,655	1,342	1,312	...	...	...	
		4 Girls' Schools	190	175	90	121	...	...	18,588 15 1	
		1 Mahomedan School	27	25	12	16	...	...	...	
		1 Low Caste School	27	20	18	5	...	...	...	
		3 Aided Schools	128	97	70	71	...	...	...	
			2,437	2,316	1,760	1,768	9,401 3 0	...	18,588 15 1	

* This amount includes the expenditure on compulsory education.

5th July 1920.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX XXV—A.

Statement showing the particulars of the Compulsory Education in the Aundh State for the year 1919—20.

No.	Name of school.	Date of establishment of school.	Population of the village.	No. of school-going children from ages 7 to 10.	No. of boys on the rolls.	Classification of boys on the rolls.					Daily average attendance.	No. of teachers.	Progress of education.	REMARKS.
						Brahmins.	Other Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Low castes.	Others.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Boys' School Aundh	18 10 1915		142	142	51	82	6	1	2	120	5	I to IV stds.	
2	Girls' School Aundh	6 1 " 17	3343	66	66	33	31	2	...	...	49	3	Do. VI Do.	
3	Low Caste School Aundh	6 1 " 17		20	20	...	...	...	20	...	5	1	Std. I only	
4	Boys' School Chikhathol	21 9 " 17	745	47	47	...	42	1	4	...	30	1	I to IV Stds	
5	Boys' School Pargaon	21 9 " 17	342	28	28	2	18	...	8	...	19	1	Do. II Do.	
6	Girls' School Atpadi	6 2 " 16		31	31	21	9	1	...	...	18	1	Do. IV Do.	
7	Boys' School Do.	15 9 " 17	6443	113	113	18	77	18	...	...	74	5	Do. III Do.	
8	Do. Yamaji Patel's Wadga	7 7 " 16		38	38	...	38	...	...	...	23	1	Do. II Do.	
9	Boys' School Kargani	1 6 " 19	1125	23	23	7	15	1	...	...	15	2	Do. IV Do.	
10	Do. Do. Shetphal	1 6 " 19	1919	29	29	...	26	3	...	...	15	1	Do. II Do.	
11	Do. Do. Nimbavade	1 6 " 19	1725	55	55	11	41	3	...	...	47	2	Do. IV Do.	
12	Girls' School Kundal	22 11 " 17	3687	50	50	8	42	...	...	...	36	2	Do. III Do.	

APPENDIX XXV—A (Continued.)

Statement showing the particulars of the Compulsory Education in the Andhra State for the year 1919—20.

No.	Name of school.	Date of establishment of school.	Population of this village.	No. of school-going children from ages 7 to 14.	No. of boys on the rolls.	Classification of boys on the rolls.					Daily average attendance.	No. of teachers.	Progress of education.	REMARKS.
						Brahmins.	Other Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Low castes.	Others.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
13	Boys' School Kundal	18 6 1915	"	113	113	2	104	7	..	..	94	4	Do. II Stds.	
14	Do. Kirloskerwadi	1 8 " 16	242	24	24	4	17	3	..	..	20	2	Do. IV Do.	
15	Do. Do. Ranapur	18 1 " 17	839	28	28	3	25	..	..	..	17	1	Do. II Do.	
16	Do. Do. Korti	1 6 " 19	922	42	42	3	38	1	..	..	27	1	Do. III Do.	
17	Do. Do. Kodeli	1 6 " 19	1360	69	69	1	68	..	..	..	25	1	Do. IV Do.	
18	Do. Do. Dighanchi	1 8 " 17	2644	96	96	9	75	12	..	..	72	4	Do. IV Do.	
19	Girls' School Dighanchi	6 6 " 17	"	28	28	1	26	1	..	..	18	1	Do. II Do.	
20	Boys' School Kintal	4 12 " 16	1737	90	90	19	45	12	14	..	69	3	Do. IV Do.	
21	Do. Do. Gunjal	29 10 " 17	625	54	54	11	35	8	..	..	42	3	I to IV Stds.	
22	Do. Do. Kanbur	1 11 " 17	360	37	37	1	29	5	2	..	24	1	Do. III Do.	
23	Do. Do. Galgale	19 11 " 17	264	54	54	..	44	10	..	..	48	2	Do. IV Do.	
24	Do. Do. Jamgi	3 12 " 17	499	57	57	1	54	2	..	..	47	2	Do. IV Do.	

25	Do.	Do.	Hangargi	...	17	1	"	18	838	34	34	2	29	3	...	...	34	1	Do. IV Do.
26	Do.	Do.	Kotyal	...	22	11	"	17	1398	100	100	6	74	16	4	...	90	4	Do. IV Do.
27	Do.	Do.	Lohgaon	...	5	11	"	17	659	58	58	2	43	7	6	...	41	2	Do. III Do.
28	Do.	Do.	Dhanargi	...	10	12	"	17	714	69	69	...	61	8	...	...	44	2	Do. IV Do.
29	Do.	Do.	Takalgi	...	6	2	"	18	637	44	44	5	27	5	7	...	31	1	Do. II Do.
30	Do.	Do.	Sangam Mahuli	...	13	5	"	18	927	40	40	23	16	1	...	...	29	1	Do. III Do.
*31	Do.	Do.	Vithalapur	...	6	10	"	19	610	30	30	...	26	3	1	...	20	1	Beginners.
*32	Do.	Do.	Vibhutwadi	...	6	10	"	19	633	30	30	...	30	...	...	...	21	1	
*33	Do.	Do.	Nelkaranjji	...	6	5	"	20	2073	20	20	...	20	...	...	...	20	1	
*34	Do.	Do.	Hosur	...	18	3	"	20	551	25	25	...	25	...	...	...	18	1	
Total.									37861	1784	1784	244	1332	139	67	2	1302	65	...

* Recently made compulsory.

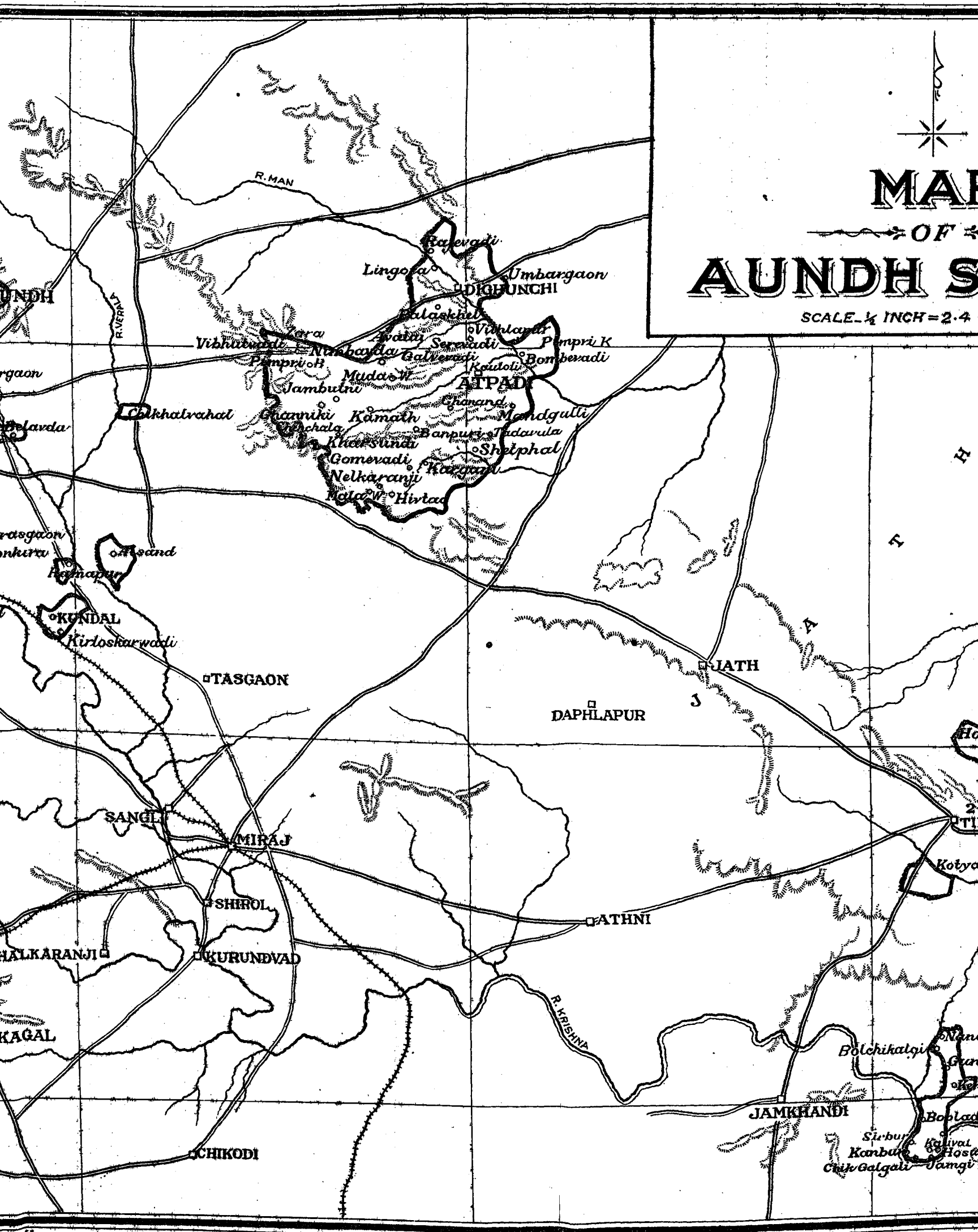
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Karbhari Aundh State.

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THE
Annual Administration Report
OF THE
AUNDH STATE

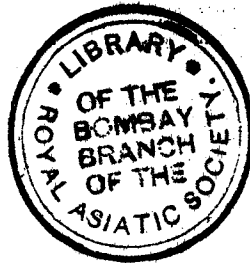
FOR THE YEAR
1920-21.

PRINTED AT THE "AUNDH STATE PRESS" AUNDH.



MAHARASHTRA
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SCALE - 1/4 INCH = 2.4



THE
Annual Administration Report
OF THE
AUNDH STATE
IN THE
SATARA AGENCY
FOR THE YEAR
1920-21.

FROM,

THE CHIEF OF AUNDH.

To,

THE POLITICAL AGENT,

SATARA.

Aundh, 5th July 1921.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the Annual Administration Report of the Aundh State for the year 1330 Fasli ending 5th June 1921.

2. The Appendices as per list annexed accompany,

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

3. The area of the Aundh State is 501 square miles. For the sake of administrative convenience it is divided into three Talukas and three Thanas. The gross revenue of the State, including alienations, local funds and all other items is Rs. 3,41,828-10-10, which is based on the average of the past five years.

4. The State pays no tribute to the Paramount Power or to any other State.

Census.

5. Government in their Memorandum No. 3612 dated 28th May 1919, Political Department, decided the inclusion of Native States in the British Territory in the Census of 1921. They also fixed the 18th of March 1921 as the date for taking the decennial Census. The work was followed on the same lines as in the British Territory. The final Census was taken on the night of the 18th March 1921 between 7 P. M. and mid-night. The population of the State according to this Census is 64,504 as against 68,995 of the last Census. There is a decrease of 6.5 per cent in the total number which is mainly due to the ravages of Influenza epidemic and partly to migration on account of unfavourable season.

6. The Census work was carried on smoothly owing to the co-operation of the official and non-official staff. There was no interference in consequence of the non-co-operation movement in the State. All the persons connected with the work did it cheerfully and satisfactorily. I acknowledge the services of all these persons.

7. The Enumeration books with circle summaries have been sent to the Deputy Superintendent of Census Abstraction office, Sholapur, according to the instructions received from you.

Family.

8. My name is Bhawanrao Shrinivasrao alias Balasaheb Pandit Pratinidhi. My age is 52 years. I am a Deshastha Yajurvedi Brahman by caste. I am a graduate (B. A.) of the Bombay University, a Treaty Chief and a First Class Sardar.

9. I am married to the Rode family of Poona. My wife's name is Shrimati Sowbhagyawati Ramabaisaheb alias Maisaheb.

10. I have got three sons and one daughter. The eldest son is 28 years old. His name is Trimbakrao alias Rajesaheb. The second son is 8 years old. His name is Parashuramrao alias Appasaheb. He is learning Marathi V standard and English II standard. The third son is 4 years old and is called Bhayasaheb. My youngest daughter is named Wasantikabai alias Taisaheb. She is running her second year.

11. Rajesaheb is a double graduate (B. A., L. L. B.) of the Bombay

University. He is married to the Pandit family of Nagpur. His wife's name is Shrimati Sowbhagyawati Parvatibaisaheb alias Wahinisaheb. She has got two daughters and one son. The eldest daughter by name Krishnabai alias Akasaheb is 6 years old. The son is about two years old. He is not named as yet. The youngest daughter who is born in England is now running her sixth month. She is named Mainataisaheb.

12. Rajesaheb, who has gone to England in June 1920 for prosecuting further studies and getting insight into the Western arts, industries and economics, is progressing very well. He had the honour of being presented to His Gracious Majesty the King-Emperor. He had also the honour of being present as an official guest at the unveiling and dedicating ceremony by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales of the Chhatri erected at Brighton over the ashes of the gallant Indian soldiers who lost their lives after wounds received during the first shock of war in Flanders. He was introduced to His Royal Highness who honoured him by shaking hands with him.

13. Rajesaheb has been attending the lectures at the London School of Economics and at the Middle Temple. He has taken lessons in riding also. He has become a member of the National Club and has been in touch with the higher circle in London. He had the pleasure of interviews with Mr. Montague, the Secretary of State for India, Lord Sydenham, Lord Sinha, Sir Sankaran Nair and several other high personalities. He is going to stay in England for one year more and I hope his stay would be of immense good to him and eventually to the State. Rajesaheb's wife is also taking lessons in English painting and needle work. His eldest daughter is regularly attending a school and is progressing very well.

14. During the year of report, the important domestic event was the death of my grand-son (Rajesahab's son) Shrimant Bhutesaheb who was three years old. He died of Diphtheria. The best medical help was availed of but to no purpose. When Rajesaheb went to England he left with me his two sons, the elder of whom died.

15. My nephew Shriniwasrao alias Annasaheb, son of my deceased brother Shrimant Tatyasaheb is living with me. He is 15 years old and getting his education in the High School at Aundh in the English 6th standard. His health and progress are good.

Political.

16. During the year of report the most important event was the visit of His Excellency Sir George Lloyd, G. C. I. E., D. S. O., Governor of Bombay, to Kirloskarwadi near Kundal Road station in this State.

17. On arrival at the Kundal Road station at 8-30 A. M. on 16th July 1920 His Excellency and his staff were received with due honour by you, Mr. Smith, the District Superintendent of Police, Satara, Rao Bahadur Kale M. L. C., Mr. L. K. Kirloskar, the founder of the works and myself. A guard of honour accompanied by the State band was also drawn up for His Excellency's reception.

18. After His Excellency was introduced to my relations and the officers

of the State the party went to the factory. The town and works were gaily decorated with flags and arches to welcome the distinguished visitor. On alighting at the works Mr. Kirloskar conducted His Excellency through the various departments of the factory, such as the office, machine shop, smithy, foundry, plough assembling and finishing section, electric power house, printing press &c. and explained the methods and various operations of the manufacture. A plough made in the factory was also kept working in the adjoining field. After inspection of the works, His Excellency was shown the housing arrangement for the workmen, the co-operative shop of grains, the library, the play-ground and the school for the children of employees. His Excellency was pleased with what he saw.

19. His Excellency was then taken to the Samaj Mandir, a spacious hall where Rao Bahadur Kale delivered an address to His Excellency. He gave a brief history of the foundation and growth of the factory, the help which it received from the State at the opportune time, the facilities accorded by the M. & S. M. Railway Company and concluded with an expression of hearty thanks for the visit of His Excellency and with a request that His Excellency and his Government would extend the same sympathy and patronage to this industry as they have been according in the past.

20. His Excellency then gave a reply befitting the occasion and observed that his Government made a mistake in allowing a person like Mr. Kirloskar to go out of Belgaum but was glad that the State had profited thereby. His Excellency told that everywhere people were insisting on him to provide industrial education which he would only be too glad to do, if people take upon themselves to provide men like Kirloskar.

21. His Excellency also highly applauded Mr. Kirloskar for his enterprise, perseverance and indomitable courage and offered a few remarks to him by way of suggestion as to how Mr. Kirloskar should prepare to meet the future American competition and also added some hints about the housing system. He said that he was greatly interested with the model village and declared that he had not seen anything like it so far in the Western India. In concluding His Excellency assured that he and his Government would always be pleased to help Mr. Kirloskar.

22. I then thanked His Excellency for his kind visit and added that I would very soon have an opportunity of requesting His Excellency to open an industrial school at Aundh,

23. Mr. Kirloskar then treated his honourable guest to a light refreshment and the party drove back to the station at 10-30 A. M. amidst loud cheers. His Excellency's visit had attracted a crowd of more than 5000 people from the surrounding villages.

24. During the year of report, I had the pleasure of interviews with His Excellency the Governor, the Honourable members of Council, the Commissioner C. D., the Agent for Sardars in the Deccan and the Director of Public Instruction. I had also the pleasure of attending the "At Home" party given by His Excellency the Governor in the month of July last.

25. I had also the pleasure of several interviews with you at Satara in the months of June, July, August and November last. While I was in Satara in the month of July last I paid official visits to the District Judge, Satara and to you and also received return visits from you both.

26. In the month of July last I had an invitation to attend the Darbar for the Sardars in the Deccan held by His Excellency the Governor at Poona. I went to Poona and attended it.

27. In the month of October last I had the pleasure to attend the Deccan Gymkhana Tournaments, held under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor, and to work there as an umpire.

28. In the month of December last I had the pleasure of being invited by Mr. Solomon, the Principal of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay for the prize distribution and the unveiling the mural painting entitled "The Recrowning of India" at the hands of Their Excellencies the Governor and the Honourable Lady Lloyd. A vote of thanks to Their Excellencies was proposed by me on the occasion.

29. In the month of February last, I was invited to be present in Bombay on the occasion of the arrival of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught. I went to Bombay and attended all the functions pertaining to His Royal Highness's visit such as the inauguration ceremony of the Legislative Council, the review of the St. John Ambulance Brigade, the Boy scouts and the Girl guides, the "At Home" given by His Excellency the Governor, presentation of the address by the Bombay Municipal Corporation and the Garden party given by them and the departure of His Royal Highness.

30. During the year of report Doctor F. W. Thomas, Librarian India Office, London was pleased to visit Aundh in the month of January last. During his stay he saw my library and other rare collections which I possess and was very much pleased with them. He delivered a lecture on his impressions gathered by him in his tour in Southern India which was very interesting and instructive.

31. The distinguished persons who visited Aundh during the year of report were Captain W. E. Gladstone Solomon, Principal Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, Mr. A. Audy, Manager, Government Photozinc Office, Poona, Mr. R. Honner, Superintendent of the Excise Department, Mr. J. W. Bond of the Foreign and Colonial Publishing Co., Doctor Vail of the Miraj Mission Hospital, Mr. A. C. Miller M. A., officer on special duty for the Boy Scout organization of the Bombay Presidency and Shri Gangadhar Swami of Chaphal.

32. During the year of report Government in their Resolution No. 9029 dated 3rd December 1920, Political Department, received with your No. M. S. C. / 633 dated 17th idem, were pleased to confer on me as well as the other Satara Jaghirdars enhanced criminal powers similar to those possessed by the Jaghirdars of the S. M. country.

Tours.

33. During the year under report I made a tour in all the Talukas of the

State for the Jamabandi and inspection work. I also visited some of the villages to see the condition of the people and to ascertain their wants which were attended to as far as possible. I also visited Bombay, Poona and Satara for administrative purposes.

34. Mr. N. V. Goliwadekar, Head Master of the High School was appointed Deputy Educational Inspector, during the year of report and Mr. G. B. Vable B. A. was appointed in his place as Head Master. Mr. G. B. Vable having resigned his post Mr. K. K. Vable B. A. is appointed as the Acting Head Master of the High School. Except this there were no changes in the personnel of high officials.

35. There are no Residency officials in the State.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF LAND.

Survey.

36. The revenue survey in the Aundh, Kundal and Gundal Talukas and the revision survey in the Kinhi Thana were introduced in the year 1895-96. The revision survey of the Atpadi Taluka was made in the year 1913-14. The terms of settlement are guaranteed for 30 years. The rates of assessment are light and the Ryots pay them with ease.

Waste Land.

37. The total area of the cultivable waste land at the end of the last year was 2123 acres and 14 gunthas. 20 acres and 23 gunthas were thrown out of cultivation this year. The total area of the waste land thus available for cultivation was 2143 acres and 37 gunthas. Out of this 47 acres and 23 gunthas were taken up for cultivation this year. The net area of cultivable waste land at the end of the year was 2096 acres and 14 gunthas. The area lying waste was smaller than the last year which was due to larger area being taken up for cultivation.

Alienations.

38. There were no alienations.

Boundary Disputes.

39. There were no boundary disputes.

Takavi.

40. As there was scarcity last year there was a great demand for Takavi. While I was on tour I ascertained the needs of the people and a sum of Rs. 23,985 was distributed among the agriculturists for digging new wells, excavating old ones, erecting Tals and for other agricultural purposes.

Demand, Collection, Remissions and Suspensions.

41. In para 33 of the last year's Administration Report the total demand was shown as Rs. 2,77,481-14-3 which included the items of Land revenue, Sayar revenue and Local Funds. From the 3rd para of your remarks on this report it appears that the demand of actual Land revenue is required to be shown and it has been done so now.

42. The total demand of Land revenue for the year including the arrears was Rs. 2,35,702-1-2 as against Rs. 2,15,253-8-11 last year. The increase was due to sale proceeds of the occupancy rights of some of the lands belonging to the State. Out of the demand Rs. 2,11,261-10-6 were recovered as against Rupees 2,02,407-1-5 in the previous year, leaving arrears of Rs. 24,440-6-8 at the close of the year. Out of this amount Rs. 5,051-1-0 were the arrears of the past years and Rs. 19,389-5-8 were for the year under report. As the season was bad postponement was granted in the deserving cases which accounts for the large outstanding arrears at the end of the year.

43. No remissions or suspensions were granted. In order to mitigate the severity of scarcity the War Loan money which the Ryots had paid was refunded to them to a large extent which amounted to Rs. 1,16,551-9-11. This measure together with the liberal amount of Takavi distributed and the postponement granted gave much relief to the people.

44. The total land under cultivation in the State was 2,84,067 acres and 30 gunthas. Out of this 2,81,971 acres and 16 gunthas were brought under cultivation.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

Legislation.

45. The laws and regulations in force in the State are given in Appendix No. II. No new laws were introduced during the year of report.

Military Force.

46. There is no military force in the State. Appendix No. III is, therefore, blank.

Police.

47. The details regarding the strength, discipline, education and cost of the police, both mounted and unmounted are given in Appendix No. IV. The number of police is 65 as against the same number last year. Out of the force only 16 are armed with breech-loading guns and the rest with 16 muzzle-loading guns, 39 swords and 5 lances. The ratio of the police force to area is 1 to 8 miles

and that to population is 1 to 992 souls. The number of police able to read and write is 44 and 21 are under instruction. All the police are trained in drill.

48. The conduct of the whole police force was good. Seven men were suspended for neglect of duty and 11 were rewarded with money.

49. Besides the regular police force there are 76 sundry armed men called Shibandi against the same number in the previous year. They are instructed in drill and are employed in guarding my palace, the treasuries and jails and are also used for escorts.

50. As remarked by you on the last year's Administration Report, I have increased the salaries of the whole police force as much as the finances of the State could permit. There is now not a single constable who gets less than Rs. 10 as his monthly pay. The cost of the Police and Shibandi is Rs 23,201-14-2 against Rs. 17,945-14-9 in the previous year.

51. The work of the Police was on the whole satisfactory as will be seen from Appendix No. V. During the year there was no serious offence such as murder or dacoity and crime was much on the decrease. The number of offences which the police had to deal with was 56 as against 73 in the previous year. The number of persons arrested and sent for trial was 106 and 103 as against 133 and 134 respectively last year. The percentage of convictions to the number of accused arrested and sent for trial was 82.1 and 84.5 as against 69.3 and 65.5 respectively in the previous year.

52. Appendix No. VI shows the value of the property stolen and that of recovered during the year of report which was Rs. 8,278-3-6 and 2,668-3-6 as against Rs. 5,979-10-0 and 2,565-2-6 respectively in the previous year. The percentage of property recovered was 32.3 as against 42.8 last year.

The village police.

53. The village police consist of police patels and watchmen who are all watandars. They perform the duties enjoined by the Village Police Act. No police patels are invested with powers under the Village Police Act VIII of 1867. The conduct of the village police was on the whole good except two police patels who were suspended for neglect of duty.

Accidental deaths.

54. The number of accidental deaths during the year was 22 as against 21 last year. Of these 10 were from drowning in wells and river, 2 from lightning, 2 from snake-bite, 3 from fall from the trees, 1 from committing suicide and 4 from other causes.

Criminal Justice.

55. The work of the various criminal courts in the State will be seen from Appendices Nos. VII and VIII. The Huzur Criminal Court, presided over by myself is the chief Criminal Court and ordinarily exercises High Court criminal powers. The Karbhari exercises the powers of the District Magistrate.

56. During the year all the courts had to dispose of 96 cases as against 114 in the previous year. Of these 93 were disposed of, leaving 3 at the close of the year. The total number of persons dealt with was 206 as against 240 last year. Of these 132 were convicted, 65 were acquitted or discharged, 2 died before or during trial and 7 remained awaiting trial at the close of the year. The percentage of convictions to the number of persons brought to trial was 64·8 as against 59·5 last year.

57. The Village Panchayat Courts have been established in 28 villages of the State. They are invested with civil and criminal powers in petty cases. They are also entrusted with the work of supervising schools, sanitation, water supply etc. subject to my general control. In civil and criminal matters the Panchayat courts exercise powers according to the regulations framed for their guidance.

58. The Village Panchayats as criminal courts had to dispose of 42 cases as against 47 in the previous year. Of these 36 were disposed of, leaving 6 at the close of the year. The total number of persons dealt with by the Panchayat courts was 79. Of these 6 were convicted, 6 were discharged or acquitted, 60 were let off on compromise and 7 remained awaiting trial at the close of the year. The work of these courts is detailed in Appendices Nos. VI1-A and VI11-A. The work of the Panchayat courts was, on the whole, satisfactory.

Criminal Appellate Work.

59. The work done by the Criminal Appellate Courts is shown in Appendix No. 1X. The Huzur Appellate Court had to dispose of 22 appeals. In 10 appeals the decisions of the Lower Courts were confirmed, in 3 they were reversed, in 4 they were modified and 5 remained pending at the close of the year. The District Magistrate had to dispose of 4 appeals. In one the decision of the Lower Court was confirmed, in one it was reversed, in one further enquiry was ordered and one remained pending at the close of the year.

Civil Justice.

60. There are four civil original Courts in the State. Appendices Nos. X and XI will show the work done by them. The total number of suits for disposal including the balance was 414 as against 352 last year. Of these 285 were disposed of, leaving 129 undisposed at the close of the year as against 214 and 138 respectively last year. The average duration of suits was 2 months and 9 days as against 3 months and 7 days in the previous year. The value of suits filed was Rs. 49,552-6-10 and that of disposed of was Rs. 41,605-2-0. The comparing figures for the last year were Rs. 45,761-14-4 and Rs. 41,327-5-4. The number and value of landed property and money suits was 235 and Rs. 38,718-1-1 as against 188 and Rs. 42,176-0-7 last year.

Execution Work.

61. Appendix No. XI shows the work of execution of decrees by the various courts. There were 536 applications including the balance for disposal as against 522 in the previous year. Of these 331 were disposed of against 322 leaving a balance of 205 against 200 last year. Of the applications that remained

over, 78 were below six months, 75 were below 12 months and 52 were above 12 months. Owing to unfavourable season orders were issued to suspend the execution work in the deserving cases according to the discretion of the courts.

Civil Work of the Village Panchayat Courts.

62. The Panchayat Courts are invested with civil powers to decide money suits only upto Rs. 100. The execution of the decrees made by these courts is done by the Subordinate Judges' courts.

63. Appendix No. X-A shows the work done by the Panchayat Courts. They had to dispose of 95 suits including the balance as against 61 last year. Of these 67 were disposed of, leaving 28 undisposed of as against 25 and 36 respectively at the close of the year. The value of suits filed and disposed of was Rs. 2,908-6-2 and 2,647-10-2 as against Rs. 1,938-2-10 and 1,093-6-10 respectively in the previous year. The average duration of suits was one month and 21 days as against 3 months and 3 days in the last year. The work of the Panchayat courts was this year done more promptly than the last year. There was no appeal against the decisions of the Panchayat courts which is very creditable to them. It thus appears that these courts are becoming popular and are hence working satisfactorily.

Civil Appellate Work.

64. Appendix No. XII shows the work done by the Appellate Courts. The Special Appellate Court had to dispose of 16 appeals of which 13 were disposed of. The District Judge had to dispose of 88 appeals of which 42 were disposed of. The average duration of appeals in the Special Appellate Court was one month as against one month and three days and that in the District Judge's court two months as against two months and 15 days.

The Mamlatdars' Courts Act.

65. There were 10 suits including the balance of one of the past year for disposal under this Act. All of them were disposed of. There were no applications for revision against the decisions of the Mamlatdars.

Extradition.

66. Applications were made for the surrender of 35 persons from the British Territory and Native States. All of them were ordered to be surrendered. Four accused persons from the State were arrested and taken away into the British Territory for trial. There was no want of reciprocity in the surrender of accused persons.

Prisons.

67. The Huzur Jail is at Aundh. There are besides 4 lock-ups at the Taluka stations which are in charge of the Mamlatdars. The jail building at Aundh is spacious and well-ventilated. The total number of prisoners in the Huzur Jail as well as in the lock-ups at the close of the year was 46 and 12 re-

spectively as detailed in Appendix No. XIII. The health and conduct of the prisoners was good. The Medical Officer at Aundh superintends the Huzur Jail. One under-trial female prisoner in the Huzur Jail at Aundh committed suicide by strangulation. The prisoners are generally employed on printing press, gardens and other miscellaneous work. The cost of the Jail Department was Rs. 6,022-14-7 against Rs. 3,236-14-9 in the previous year.

Registration.

68. Appendices Nos. XIV and XV give particulars of the work done by the Registration Department. The number and value of documents presented for registration were 964 and Rs. 4,30,800-1-3 as against 654 and Rs. 2,43,599-9-11 respectively last year. The fees realized were Rs. 2,486-3-3 as against Rs. 1,778-4-0 last year. The increase both in the number of documents and the fees realized is due to unfavourable season and to the Circular orders issued by me regarding the compulsory registration of different instruments with consideration of Rupees less than one hundred executed on the same date and with respect to one and the same property in order to avoid the registration fees. There was no appeal to the District Registrar under the Act during the year of report.

Municipalities.

69. There are three Municipalities in the State viz. at Aundh, Kundal and Atpadi. Appendix No. XVI shows the receipts and expenditure of these institutions. The income was Rs. 2,798-8-9 as against Rs. 2,505-11-9 and the expenditure was Rs. 2,671-1-10 as against Rs. 2,395-6-3. The income is also supplemented from State funds. The chief items of income are house-tax, cattle-pound-cess and wheel-tax. The items of expenditure are sanitation, lighting, water-supply and road repairs.

70. The Municipalities have been invested with powers to elect their president, vice-president and members. Although the institutions are small the members work with zeal and interest which is very creditable to them.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

Rainfall and Crops.

71. Rainfall was, on the whole, insufficient and ill-distributed throughout the State during the year as will be seen from Appendix No. XVII. The rain for Khariff sowing was fairly adequate except in the Atpadi and Gundal Talukas, but it held out afterwards in almost all the parts of the State except at Kinhi which resulted in a very poor harvest. As for the Rabi crops the rain was fairly sufficient and seasonable at the beginning but owing to the scarcity of it afterwards the crops suffered heavily except at Kinhi and at those parts where there was well or canal water available for irrigation. The out-turn of both Khariff and Rabi crops varied from annas 4 to 8. The irrigated crops did fairly well. Area under groundnut, linseed and wheat decreased on account of the insufficiency of rain. Cultivation of sugarcane increased owing to the better supply of water this

year at the time of planting. Area under cotton also increased owing to the adequate rainfall at the sowing season and partly due to the uncultivated Khariff area being brought under cotton cultivation. The supply of water for drinking and irrigation was adequate at the beginning, but it began to run short afterwards. The season was, on the whole, unfavourable and one of scarcity.

Locusts.

72. The State was free from the visit of locusts during the year.

Wages and Labour.

73. The rates of wages and labour practically remained the same as those of the last year on account of the unfavourable season. The rates of skilled labour varied from Rupee one to Rupees one and a half while those of unskilled labour ranged from annas 6 to 8. The rate of cart hire was also the same as that of the last year i. e. from Rs. 2 to Rs. 2.8 per day.

74. Appendix No. XVIII shows the rates of food-grains. It will be seen that the prices of Jowari and Bajri rose up while those of wheat and Tur pulse fell down.

Forest.

75. There is no separate establishment for this Department. The Taluka Officers do the supervision work. The forest chiefly consists of rocky hills and unarable lands which are sold for grazing every year. The area of the land set apart as forest was 3,248 acres. No new land was reserved during the year.

Trade and Manufacture.

76. There are, of course, very little prospects of trade increasing in the State on account of its isolated nature. Rice, sugar, salt, spices, cocoanuts, stationery, kerosene oil, piece goods, yarn, timber, tiles, stones, metal-pots, bangles, coke, coal, raw materials for making glass, soda, cast-iron, pig-iron, chemical apparatus, photographic materials etc. are the chief imports.

77. The principal exports are wheat, gram, Jowari, Bajri, groundnut, turmeric, jaggery, cotton, linseed, safflower seed, wool, khadi, camblis, cattle, tanned leather, hides, iron agricultural implements, iron decorative railings, glass chimneys, globes, bangle glass and coregum.

78. Out of the exports coregum is sold on a very small scale as there is not much demand for it. Of the imports coke, coal, raw materials etc. are largely consumed by Messrs. Kirloskar Brothers, the Ogale Glass works, the State Laboratory, the Ayurvedic Chemical Pharmacy, the Dispensaries, the electric plant and oil engine.

79. The control system as regards the export of foodstuffs from the State has been maintained as it has been found very beneficial in the interests of the cultivators.

Manufacture, Arts and Industries.

80. The Iron Factory of Messrs. Kirloskar Brothers which was converted into a Limited Liability company is progressing steadily though the sale of ploughs was much affected on account of the unfavourable season. The factory manufactures iron implements of the improved pattern such as ploughs, hand-hoes, mote-wheels, corn-shellors, sugarcane-crushers and drilling machines.

81. The factory had this year the unique honour of being visited by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay who was pleased with the working and other arrangements. The remarks of government servants and other gentlemen both European and Indian of high rank and position who visited the factory are also very satisfactory.

82. The Ogale Glass Works Ltd. at Ogalewadi near Karad station in the Kundal Taluka of this State, are making gradual progress in spite of the difficulties of coal supply. The factory has been able to double its unit of work and also turns out now pressed ware such as sky-lights or glass roofing tiles, electric shades and dishes artistically designed. By way of improving upon the present methods of manufacture, the Company has bought new machinery for fusing, polishing and cutting chimneys, globes, tumblers etc. The factory was visited by Mr. A. C. Miller M. A., officer on special duty of the Boy-scout organization, Bombay Presidency who was quite pleased with the slow but steady progress shown by the factory. I had also the pleasure of visiting the factory.

83. The Ayurvedic Chemical Pharmacy of Kinhi is doing useful work under the able management of Dr. G. K. Patankar, whose medicines are finding favour with the public and having a wide sale. Dr. Patankar had the honour of being appointed an examiner at the exhibition held by the All-India Physicians' Conference in Bombay.

84. The Aundh State Laboratory has taken into hand, during the year of report, a series of experiments such as the manufacture of Hydrochloric acid and washing soda from salt, calomel, bar, toilet and transparent soaps from pure castor, arachis and karanj (pongamia glabra) oils.

85. Mr. M. S. Mulay M. A., State chemist worked on his altogether new method of turning sugar from jaggery and scored a fair amount of success therein and now a suitable plant that can turn out without waste from about two to four cwts. of sugar daily is under contemplation. Mr. Mulay is also busy with experiments on matches both " Strike-any-where " and " Safety. " The manufacture of Hippuric acid has been stopped as there is no demand for it. Coregum is being manufactured as before and has got a fair demand.

86. Weaving :- With a view to improve the cottage industries in the Atpadi Taluka and other parts of the State such as weaving blankets, khadis, saris etc. encouragement was given to the weavers in every possible way. A loan of Rs. 5000/- was advanced to a weaver at Kundal to start a weaving industry with improved fly shuttle looms and he has been weaving cloth of a superior kind. In order to give a stimulus to the weaving industry a reward of Rs. 1000/- has been offered to a subject from the State who would invent a simple wooden

spinning machine worked by feet alone and able to produce ten times the yarn produced by the ordinary country spinning machine.

87. As contemplated before a big weaving industry has been opened at Aundh and arrangement has been made therein for the education of boys of weavers etc. who are taught practically the methods of working on improved patterns of hand and power looms. It is hoped that these boys will be very useful in bringing about the spread of the improved types of looms among the weavers in the State.

88. Leather-work :— At Kinhi and in the Atpadi Taluka the Dhors tan hides which are exported to Karachi, Bombay and other trade centres.

89. There are many country oil presses in the State and especially in the Atpadi Taluka. Oil is extracted from safflower seed, ground-nut and Karanj seed and it is consumed locally.

Public works.

90. Appendix No. XIX gives details of the expenditure incurred on account of public works. The expenses amounted to Rs. 13,040-6-4 against Rs. 7,836-5-6 in the previous year. No new works were undertaken during the year. The chief items of expenditure were the usual repairs to offices, public buildings, roads, ferry boats etc. and the expenses incurred on account of the arrangements made for the water supply by digging wells etc.

Post Offices.

91. The number of Post offices remained the same as that of the last year viz. 8. Of these two are Sub Post Offices and the rest are Branch Offices. The Aundh Sub Post Office transacts business with the Aundh State Treasury as sanctioned by Government in their Resolution No. 2,841 dated 4th September 1911, Financial Department.

92. The Tonga Service is in use for carrying mails from Aundh to Rahimatpur station and this arrangement is convenient both for the Postal Department and the public. Motor service has been recently started from Aundh to Rahimatpur station and it is under contemplation to extend the service as far as Waduj via Pusesavli as it would meet the greatest convenience of the public.

Telegraph.

93. There is only one combined Post and Telegraph office at Aundh which meets the convenience of the State as well as of the public. It is still a guaranteed Telegraph office.

Mint.

94. There is no mint in the State. The currency of the British Government is in use.

General condition of the State and the people.

95. On account of the insufficient rain both the Khariff and Rabi crops

yielded a poor out-turn and the cultivators suffered much in consequence. The season was, on the whole, unfavourable and one of scarcity. Those cultivators who had got irrigation facilities reaped very good crops and could, therefore, afford to sell their corn and fodder at a great profit owing to the high prices, while those who had no such means fared very badly. The labourers both skilled and unskilled had a good demand and the rates of wages also continued to be high. Consequently their condition was not bad. Some agriculturists had to borrow money from savkars to maintain themselves and their cattle. Some migrated to Bombay and other trading centres for their maintenance. The condition of the people was, on the whole, unsatisfactory. The resources of the people are almost exhausted and a few favourable years are quite essential to bring them back to their normal condition.

96. Trade was hampered to a certain extent but the weavers did not suffer at all on account of the increasing demand for cloth.

97. Public health was generally good. There was no material loss of human life from epidemic diseases during the year. The birth rate was higher while the death rate remained almost the same.

98. The agricultural stock did not fare well as will be seen from Appendix No. XX. This was due to scarcity of fodder on account of the unfavourable season. The supply of both fodder and water was insufficient and there was consequently a decrease in the number of cattle.

Emigration and Immigration.

99. There was no immigration. Some of the people migrated to trade centres such as Bombay, Berars etc. on account of the scarcity to earn higher wages. The emigration was not general but simply confined to some parts.

Excise.

100. The management of the country liquor including Toddy has been leased to British Government for a further period of 10 years commencing from 1st August 1914 for a yearly compensation of Rs. 11,500 subject to revision after a period of three years. The agreement about the Hemp-drugs which was renewed for a further period of five years from 1st April 1916 for a yearly compensation of Rs. 8,820 expired on the 31st March 1921. Opium farming is managed by the State on the same lines as those of the British Government.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

101. Appendix No. XX11 shows the receipts and expenditure of the year.

Receipts.

102. The total receipts of the year, exclusive of the opening balance, were Rs. 3,88,240-7-3 as against Rs. 3,52,041-0-6, thus showing an increase of Rs.

36,199-6-9 over the last year. The perceptible increase is under the heads (1) Land Revenue, (2) Local Funds, (3) Opium and (4) Judicial. The occupancy rights of some of the lands belonging to the State were sold; the license fees on account of farming the opium shops were larger; the sale of court fee and general stamps was large; so also was the case with the recovery of fines imposed by the criminal courts and hence the increase under all these heads.

The decrease under the heads Abkari, Miscellaneous and Education fees is due to the fluctuating nature of the income received under these heads.

The recovery on account of Takavi was small; there were small receipts on account of Deposits and hence the decrease under these heads.

There was a large account adjustment of Advances and hence the increase under this head.

No new debt was contracted. The amount shown under the head is the amount of interest on the debt previously contracted.

Some of the War Loan bonds were sold and hence the decrease in the interest.

The amount of interest received from the State Bank was larger and hence the increase under this head.

Expenditure.

103. The total expenditure of the year was Rs. 6,15,080-15-4 as against Rs. 3,74,381-5-2 last year. There was a net increase of Rs. 2,40,699-10-2 which was principally due to the repayment of Ryots' War Loan, grant of Takavi, general increment in the salaries of servants in all the departments of the State, greater expenditure on Public Works and Investment in the State Bank.

The amount invested in the State Bank viz. Rs. 1,40,352-12-2 and the amount of Takavi viz. Rs. 23,985 are practically savings and if they are deducted from the amount of expenditure, there remains a net increase in expenditure of Rs. 76,361-14-0 only. The causes of increase and decrease under different heads will be seen from the remarks made on each head as under.

104. The increase under the head Khasgi is partly due to high rates of food stuffs and partly to the promotion given to all the servants in the Khasgi department.

There was no arrear payment on account of the Allowances and besides, Lady Laxmibai, one of the recipients of the allowance died and hence the decrease under this head.

The amount shown under the head Incidental was the amount remitted to England for the expenses of my son Shrimant Rajesaheb, his family and children.

There was no elephant for the State. A young tusked elephant was purchased from the Mysore side and hence the increase under this head.

The salaries of all the servants in all the departments of the State were increased on account of the prevailing high rates of all the articles of daily use and hence the increase in the items Nos. 5, 6, 8, 9 and 10.

The decrease under the head Judicial is due to less expenses incurred on account of pleaders' fees etc.

There was a large number of prisoners admitted in the Jail and hence the increase under this head.

The increase in the heads Dispensaries, Forest and Minor Establishment being small calls for no remarks.

The amount spent on Public Works was larger and hence the increase under this head.

The arrear payment on account of Dewasthan and Watandars and Hakdars was made this year and hence the increase under these heads.

Instead of paying the debt, the Ryots' War Loan money was repaid as it was of primary importance and hence a decrease under this head and a large increase under the head (28) Repayment of Ryots' War Loan.

The increase under the head Miscellaneous is due to account adjustment of the interest drawn on the debts previously contracted.

The amount paid on account of Deposits was large while that of Advances was small and hence the increase and decrease under these heads.

The increase under the head Pensions is due to the addition of some pensioners and the arrear payment made to some of them.

A large amount was invested in the State Bank as it was found more advantageous to do so. The War Loan bonds fetched less interest than what the investment in the State Bank could fetch. Some of the War Loan bonds were consequently sold and the proceeds invested in the State Bank and hence the increase under this head.

On account of unfavourable season Takavi was granted on a liberal scale and hence the increase under this head.

The increase under the head Plague and decrease under Recruiting being small call for no remarks.

Instead of paying the grain compensation the salaries of all the servants were increased and hence the decrease under this head.

The expenditure incurred on account of the State Laboratory was included in the expenditure of the Educational Department last year. During the year of report, the amount spent on the State Laboratory has been shown separately and hence the increase under this head.

The increase under the head Printing Press is due to the purchase of

some more type and other articles which were necessary for the equipment of the press.

The amount shown under the head Census is due to the expenses incurred in connection with the preliminary Census operations.

State Debt.

105. Including the amount of the Ryots' War Loan the State Debt at the beginning of the year was Rs. 3,09,502-6-11. Adding to it Rs. 24,553-7-1, the amount of interest, the total amount came to Rs. 3,34, 055-14-0. Out of this Rs. 1,16,551-9-11 were paid back to the Ryots on account of their War Loan. There remains now Rs. 2,17,504-4-1 as State Debt at the close of the year.

Financial condition of the State.

106. As a set off against this there is a balance as under:—

(a) Government Security War Loan	
Bonds and cash balance	Rs. 92,932 14 3.
(b) Amount invested in the State Bank	" 1,40,352 12 2.
Total	Rs. 2,33,285 10 5

There are, besides, amounts of Rs. 23,985/— and Rs. 24,440-6-8 on account of Takavi and outstanding arrears to be recovered from the Ryots which, when added to the above amount, will be in excess by Rs. 64,205-13-0 than the amount of the State debt which is satisfactory.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS &c.

Medical Relief.

107. There are four dispensaries in the State all of which are in charge of qualified Medical officers. The number of patients treated was in all 13,867 as against 13,782 of the previous year as shown in Appendix No. XXIII. There was an increase of 85 patients during the year as compared with the last year which is insignificant. The major and minor operations performed in all the dispensaries were 554 as against 364 last year. Out of the patients treated, 1,123 were from the British Territory. The prevailing diseases during the year were fevers of intermittent type, diseases of the eye, stomach and skin, bowel complaints, respiratory affections and intestinal worms. The system of collecting one anna per six doses from patients outside the State is in force.

108. Besides the dispensaries there are two native physicians at Kundal and Kinhi and their medicines are used by people who have got objections against taking English medicines.

109. I visited all the dispensaries during my tour in the Talukas and found them working satisfactorily.

110. The cost on medical relief was Rs. 3,911-2-0 as against Rs. 4,479-14-4 in the previous year.

Sanitation.

111. There are, besides the three Municipalities, four Village Sanitation Committees in the State and their duty is to look after the sanitation of their respective villages. The Taluka officers under my directions look after the sanitation of those villages where there are no Municipalities or Sanitation Committees. These institutions derive their income mostly from house-tax. The items of expenditure are cleaning the village, improving the water supply, street-lighting and road repairs.

Vaccination.

112. The Medical Officers of the State, who are trained at the Vaccine Institute, Belgaum, are appointed Vaccination Inspectors. They do the inspection work of their respective Talukas, the Medical Officer of Aundh being in charge of the vaccination of the villages of Kinh and Sangam Mahuli besides the Aundh Thana. There are two Vaccinators in the State viz. at Kundal and Atpadi who do the vaccination work of the whole State. Glycerined lymph is bought from the Belgaum Depot for vaccination purposes. The work is carried on on the same lines as in the British Territory.

113. The number of vaccinations was 1,893 against 1,863 last year. Of these 1,683 were successful, 5 were unsuccessful and the result of 205 was unknown.

114. The cost of the working of the Vaccination Department was Rs. 1,476-4-8 as against Rs. 839-8-6 in the previous year.

Births and Deaths.

115. The total number of births and deaths during the year as shown in Appendix No. XXIV. was 2,356 and 1,600 against 2,222 and 1,711 respectively last year. The ratio of births was higher than that of the last year while the ratio of deaths remained nearly the same.

116. The registers of births and deaths are properly kept by the village officers and they are examined by the Taluka officers and the vaccinators. Great care is taken in making the entries punctually.

Epidemics.

117. There was no plague in any part of the State during the year. As a precautionary measure, killing of rats was seriously taken into hand and a large number of them was destroyed. Strict orders have been issued to the village officers to carry on rat killing operations vigorously. Small-pox appeared only in one village. The number of attacks was 3 but there were no deaths. Influenza did not prevail in any part of the State.

118. Cholera broke out in 9 villages. It was of a mild type. The number

of attacks was 290 while that of deaths was 109. Necessary measures were adopted to put down this epidemic by observing strict cleanliness. Public health was, on the whole, generally good except the slight ravages of cholera.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

Primary Education.

119. There are 49 Primary Schools including the Compulsory Schools against 43 last year as detailed in Appendix No. XXV. During the year 9 new schools were opened; 5 in Gundal Taluka, 3 in Kundal Taluka and 1 model school at Atpadi. The Girls' school at Dighanchi was amalgamated with the Boys' school for want of attendance. One school was closed for want of proper attendance and another aided school was converted into a State school.

120. The total number of students in all the schools was 2,349 as against 1,972 last year. The average daily attendance was 1,563 as against 1,525 in the previous year. The classification of students is 338 Brahmins, 9 Jains, 293 Lingayats, 1,346 Marathas and other Hindus, 220 Mahomedans, 1 aborigine, 140 depressed class and 2 Native Christians. Out of these 337 are girls attending the girls' schools and the boys' schools.

121. Education in all the primary boys' schools is given upto the III standard according to the curricula of the State and some schools also teach the IV, V and VI standards according to the number of pupils in these standards. The girls' school at Aundh also teaches IV and V standards. Needle work, sewing, rangoli, drawing and other useful things are also taught in the girls' schools. In the Mahomedan School at Aundh Urdu and Arabic are taught and for other subjects the students attend the primary classes. This school teaches 3 Urdu standards.

122. During the year one student who was studying in the 3rd year of the Training College for men at Poona passed his final examination and was appointed head master of the middle school at Kundal. One teacher was sent to the T. C. for 3rd year. Two teachers passed the Elementary Drawing examination. All the schools showed a good progress.

Compulsory Education.

123. There are in all 41 compulsory schools in the State of which 7 are in the Aundh Thana, 9 in the Atpadi Taluka, 10 in the Kundal Taluka and 15 in the Gundal Taluka. The details of these schools and the standards which they teach will be seen from Appendix No. XXV - A.

124. All the schools observe the rules of the compulsory education so far as making the attendance of children between the ages of 7 and 10 (both including) compulsory and in a very few places only there are separate primary schools. This was the desired object in the beginning which has been slowly and unknowingly attained, as people always requested to make their schools compulsory.

125. Compulsory education is given free to all the students for the first year and after this period those who are not State subjects are charged nominal fees. A scheme of making education compulsory throughout the whole State is under contemplation.

Middle Schools.

126. There are three middle schools at Aundh, Atpadi and Kundal. They teach Vernacular V to VII standards along with English I to III standards. Owing to the want of space standards II, III and IV are attached to the Middle School at Kundal. They are the feeder schools to the High School at Aundh. The number of students in these schools was 271 including one girl as against 244 last year. The daily average attendance was 186 as against 167 in the previous year. The classification of students is 101 Brahmins, 4 Jains, 23 Lingayats, 129 Marathas and other Hindus, 12 Mahomedans and 2 Low-classes.

127. Drawing is taught in all these schools. Debating Unions for students as well as teachers are established and model lessons classes are held in these schools and are very useful in supplying general knowledge to the students and teachers and instructing untrained teachers. In the Atpadi Taluka teachers from almost all schools in the Taluka are called to Atpadi 4 or 5 times a year to take instructions in teaching. This system is recently introduced in the Kundal Taluka also, but some schools being far away from Kundal much advantage is not taken of this arrangement. The Aundh Middle School derives other benefits also in being under the direct supervision of the High School staff, in getting free boarding and boarding scholarships and in having carpentry, singing and weaving classes etc. Besides it takes part in all the events and activities of the High School.

128. During the year of report 15 students appeared for the Vernacular Final Examination and 13 for the Elementary Drawing Examination of whom 9 and 5 passed respectively.

Secondary Education.

129. The Shri Yamai Shrinivas High School, Aundh, teaches English from IV to VII standard. The number on roll was 76 as against 100 last year. The classification of boys was 66 Brahmins, 2 Lingayats, 6 Marathas and other Hindus, 1 Mahomedan and 1 Low caste. There were 3 Brahmin girls in the High School. During the year under report 9 students were sent for the School Leaving Examination of the Joint Board and all of them passed. Three were sent for the first part of the Government Service Examination and all of them passed in the subjects for which they appeared. Out of the successful candidates one was a lady student. Eight students were sent for the Elementary Drawing Examination and 9 for the Intermediate Examination out of which 5 and 5 passed respectively. The results are very satisfactory and especially that of the School Leaving Examination, the general University result being only 40 to 45 per cent. This is very creditable to the High School staff.

130. In order to increase the efficiency of the High School, all the classes were put in charge of graduates. There are 4 graduates and 2 under graduates in

the High School besides the Drawing, Gymnasium and Carpentry teachers. The Superintendent himself taught the VII standard English poetry for 6 months and all the standards Science for nearly the whole of the year as no Science teacher was available till December 1920.

131. To increase the efficiency of the staff one experienced B. A., L. T. teacher was appointed as the Head Master but he left the service in about a couple of months owing to ill health and domestic difficulties. One teacher appeared for the S. T. C. examination but he failed. The Superintendent inspects all the teachers in the teaching of different subjects turn by turn and gives them hints as regards the correct method of teaching. The teacher who is given some concession to prosecute his studies in the College is progressing well and is in the Senior B. A. Class.

132. The students play at Indian and foreign games and have got gymnasium and ordinary and Swedish drills under the supervision of the teachers. Due attention is thus given to the physical education and health of students. Religious and moral instruction was continued and a better programme is arranged this year. The class libraries and the debating classes are also doing well and the general standard of the education of students is being raised slowly.

133. The Volunteers from the Boy scouts worked on all public occasions and Mr. A. C. Miller M. A., I. E. S., Officer on special duty of the Boy-scout organization, Bombay who paid a visit to Aundh examined the drill, games and other activities of the scouts. A report was also submitted to him of the scouts' work for the last two years. He was quite pleased with what he saw. His remarks speak for themselves. They are:-

"With regard to the scout troop I have nothing to say but praise for the excellent spirit of self-sacrifice shown by the boys. Their work in connection with the Influenza epidemic was beyond praise."

134. The High School Laboratory was well equipped. Drawing, weaving, hosiery, carpentry, paper-folding, card-board-work etc. were continued during the year.

General.

135. The important event, during the year under report, was that people of several villages in the State and those of all the villages in the Gundal Taluka generously declared to pay an Educational Fund of one anna per Rupee of the land revenue in response to the appeal made by the State to meet the increase in expenditure of the Educational Department on account of the proposed opening of schools in all the villages of the State. Accordingly schools are opened in all the villages of the Gundal Taluka. Some villages where there were schools already offered to pay the fund to get trained teachers for their schools in order to increase the efficiency of teaching. This shows that people have begun to realise the importance of education. This is really a great step towards the achievement of the object of the compulsory education and making the population literate.

136. Another thing worth mention was the preparation of a scale of pay for graduates, under graduates, trained and untrained teachers in the Educational Department. Both time and efficiency are considered and the scale is quite sufficing from the teachers' point of view as well as that of the State.

137. Students of different places took part in the wrestling matches held at their places. Three won medals at the Poona Deccan Gymkhana Tournaments. The Atpadi schools played a foot-ball match with the Aundh schools. The hosiery and Carpentry teacher Mr. M. R. Hinge competed in the 27 miles race at Poona and came fifth and also competed in a 30 miles race at Jamkhandi and stood 2nd.

138. Shimaga sports and races were held at Aundh and Atpadi. At Aundh there were also other programmes of lectures, dialogues, speeches, farces, cinema and magic lantern. Prizes were distributed. The public also took active part in the races. At Atpadi the public themselves contributed to the Prize Fund and distributed prizes to the winners. Visual instruction with the aid of cinema, projectascope and magic lantern was given at Aundh and Atpadi. Stereo-scopes with geographical slides are supplied to all the Taluka schools.

139. The Students' Industrial Exhibitions were opened at Aundh, Atpadi and Gundal. Owing to lack of time no exhibition was opened at Kundal but the Kundal schools sent their articles to Aundh. The exhibitions present new and more useful articles every year and the tendency to prepare useless articles is rapidly diminishing. So also natural resources of the places are being used by the students and they are thus known from these exhibitions. For instance in the Gundal Taluka, almost all the schools sent buttons made from mother of pearl, cocoanut shell etc. in addition to other articles. One of the teachers was given some inducement last year for preparing fine buttons and this year he has invented a small instrument by means of which the mother of pearl is cut and the button prepared from it in one operation. He has also been given a reward this year. That these exhibitions are popular is seen from the large crowds of students and their parents attending them. The people of Atpadi always show their interest by contributing generously to the prizes. Students from almost all the schools sent articles to the exhibitions. These annual exhibitions will give good facilities for the introduction of industrial education in the several schools. Arrangements are made with the Weaving Factory at Aundh to teach the students from the High School and other schools at Aundh weaving on hand looms and power looms.

140. The Hostels were full during the year and it shows that students take full advantage of them. Boarding and boarding scholarships were given to students on the same condition as in the last year viz. keeping their numbers within 10 in the class and passing all the examinations. There were no candidates for the scholarship to be awarded to students getting more than 60 per cent marks in all the examinations of the year. Two lady students were given scholarships in the High School and one in the Middle School, Aundh. Loans at a very low rate of interest are given to a few students to prosecute higher education at the University, in the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay and in the Kalabhuvan at Baroda. One student is given a scholarship to study medicine in the Aryangla-Vaidyak School at Satara.

141. A nominal fee of 4 annas is levied in the High School and in the other schools from half an anna to two annas. Owing to these facilities many poor students from different parts of the Bombay Presidency come to this State for their education. The Nene-milk scholarship was awarded to B. R. Joshi of the VII standard at the High School.

142. Two Co-operative Stores were opened during the year with the help of the Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Aundh State viz. one in the S. S. High School at Aundh for the Aundh schools, and one at the Kundal Middle School for the Kundal schools. The one at Kundal is recently opened but that at Aundh is progressing satisfactorily since June 1920. It deals in stationery and other articles useful for the schools and is managed entirely by the students under the guidance of the teachers. The students will thus naturally get commercial education from the working of these institutions.

143. During the year under report the High School was inspected by Mr. M. Hesketh M. A., Educational Inspector, C. D. and Mr. G. G. Padhye B. A., Deputy Educational Inspector, Satara District and the other schools in the State were inspected by the Educational officers of the Satara District as well as by the State Educational Officer. Their remarks are satisfactory. The Mamlatdars of the several Talukas and other State officers also inspected the schools. I also visited several schools while I was on tour.

144. Mr. W. E. G. Soloman, Principal, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, Dr. F. W. Thomas, Librarian, India Office, London and Mr. A. C. Miller M. A., Officer on special duty of the Boy-scout organization, Bombay Presidency visited the High School at Aundh and their remarks are good. Dr. F. W. Thomas writes in his letter " In your school I was very favourably impressed by the general arrangements for an all round education including art and handi-craft and by the liveliness of the teaching and the behaviour of the young students;- everything testifies to the paternal interest of the Chief of the State and his officials. "

145. Mr. P. A. Inamdar M. A., B. Sc. was in charge of the Educational Department as Superintendent throughout the whole year and he managed the department with great care, tact and ability. He brought about many improvements in the department. He inspected almost all the schools in the State and showed to the teachers the methods of teaching which had a very salubrious effect. Mr. Inamdar deserves credit for the improvements introduced in the department.

146. The total expenditure for the Educational Department for the year under report was Rs. 31,001-11-6 as against Rs. 27,990-2-1 last year.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

State Bank.

147. The State banking is thriving very well under the able and tactful supervision of its manager Mr. V. K. Kulkarni B. Com. (Bombay). The in-

stitution has been very popular and has won the confidence of the constituents as is evident from the fact that deposits were received to a large extent from people both in the State as well as from outside. The debtors have now learnt to return the amounts with interest borrowed by them regularly.

148. The working capital of the Bank is mainly derived from the State Treasury. Great care is being taken to return the amount of deposits in due time. In order to create confidence among people a circular was issued about the guarantee of the State to the depositors to pay back their money at fixed dates and it had a wholesome effect.

149. The year under report being a year of scarcity the Bank did not sanction any loan to people for marriages or such other unproductive purposes as the recovery of such debts is very troublesome. On the other hand the Bank advanced a considerable amount of money to agriculturists for useful purposes and also to merchants at Aundh to buy food stuffs in large quantities when the situation was rather serious on account of scarcity. By this measure the poor could get food stuffs at comparatively cheap rates. The merchants are now convinced of the fact that the Bank advances loans on reliable securities as well as on personal securities to carry on their business and this will, it is hoped, increase transaction between the merchants and the Bank in future.

150. The State Bank has kept deposits in the Shilotri and the Bombay Central Co-operative Bank, Bombay in order to meet the demands of the depositors and to advance loans to merchants at any time. The Bank, by way of experiment, has done some Hundee business, but the local merchants and the merchants of the adjoining villages not being aware of this could not take advantage of this Hundee business. But it is hoped that next year merchants will take full advantage of the Hundee business and give due commission to the Bank.

151. Another important change in the working of the Bank is that printed forms and books have been introduced to write the accounts of the Bank. The auditor will not find any difficulty in auditing the accounts of the Bank as they are written systematically in printed books. Last year the accounts of the Bank were not audited by a qualified auditor but this year a very competent and experienced Union Secretary was requested to audit the accounts of the Bank and in his report he says that the accounts have been properly and correctly written.

152. The Bank has advanced nearly Rs.40,000 for industrial purposes at a reasonably low rate of interest and Rs. 11,473-2-4 to Co-operative Societies. As the Bank has advanced loans to merchants, agriculturists and to persons starting new industries, it has facilitated the development of agriculture, commerce and industries. The Bank has increased its rate of interest on current deposits from two to three per cent. Loans were sanctioned not at a uniform rate of interest, the rate varying from 6 to 12 per cent.

153. In order to encourage the development of Co-operative Societies, the Bank has made it a point to advance loans to societies at $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent fixed rate of interest.

154. The present difficulty of the Bank viz. non-recovery of the debts on the fixed dates, makes it impossible for the Bank to pay back the depositors their amounts on due dates. To avoid this difficulty, framing of new rules and regulations is under consideration.

155. The opening balance of the Bank at the beginning of the year was Rs. 1,83,725-7-4. The receipts during the year on account of deposits, investments, interest etc. were Rs. 2,01,321-10-3. The total amount at the close of the year was Rs. 3,85,047-1-7. The expenditure was Rs. 8,183-5-3 on account of interest, deposits and establishment charges. The net balance at the close of the year was Rs. 3,76,863-12-4 including cash and bonds.

Co-operative Credit Societies.

156. The working of the Co-operative Credit Societies shows a considerable progress as will be seen from Appendix No. XXVI. The beginning was made with a small number of members but now the total number of members has risen to 230. The deposits at the beginning of the year were Rs. 2,423 but now the amount has increased to Rs. 4,251-15-3. The Bank has advanced a loan of Rs. 11,473-2-4 to different societies and the total working capital of these societies is more than Rs. 15,000. Five Co-operative Credit Societies were working last year and no addition has been made this year.

157. During the year two Co-operative Stores have been opened; one at Aundh in the S. S. High School and the other at Kundal. Appendix No. XXVI-A gives details about their working. The former was opened in the month of June 1920 and it has been working satisfactorily. Last year's profit of this Store amounted to Rs. 32-6-6; out of which a dividend of $6\frac{1}{4}$ per cent was paid to the share-holders. As the Store deals in stationery and other necessary articles, almost all the students as well as the members get articles of a superior quality at a cheaper rate. This Store is being managed by the students of the High School under the supervision of the High School teachers. There is thus every chance of the students being impressed with the principles of co-operation and of gaining commercial insight. The second Store was opened at the Kundal school on 31st May 1921 but as it is still in infancy regular business is not yet carried on.

158. A competent Union Secretary in the Satara District has inspected all the societies and the stores and in his report he says that all the societies have been working well. Apart from the fact that only two new Co-operative Stores have been started, the increase in the number of members as well as the increase in the amount of deposits and the working capital go to show that the societies are making progress and their financial condition is also improving.

Agriculture.

159. The Agricultural Inspector Mr. S. G. Darshane B. Ag. had his usual tours in the Talukas during the year. He visited some villages and gave advice to the people in matters of agricultural improvement, encouraging the use of improved agricultural machinery and better and profitable methods of cultivation. The year under report being one of scarcity people were recommended

from the very beginning to grow fodder crops on a large scale wherever irrigation facilities existed in order to save their cattle from starvation and many availed themselves of the timely advice and were thereby profited.

160. On account of the unfavourable season and the consequent shortage and scarcity of Kadbi and grass people were asked to try the prickly pear as fodder for their cattle and in order to convince them of the cheapness as well as harmlessness of this stuff, demonstrations were held in the Talukas at important places under the supervision of the Taluka officers showing the method of preparing and feeding this new fodder to the cattle. People, however, did not take much advantage of the cactus fodder.

161. With a view to encourage the use of time and labour saving machinery by the cultivators several improved agricultural implements and hand tools of the best pattern were ordered by the State from America and they have been kept at the State gardens at Aundh for demonstration purposes and are used in the State gardens. Their use is being demonstrated to the public who are gradually realising their importance and utility. Arrangements have also been made to give these implements to the cultivators on a low rate of hire and people are slowly taking advantage of this concession. Some iron ploughs manufactured by Messrs. Kirloskar Brothers Ltd. have been also kept at important places in the Talukas for hiring them to the public at a low rate.

162. Efforts are thus being made to bring about the agricultural improvement of the State by giving people lectures and necessary advice pertaining to agriculture as well as by demonstrating the use of improved agricultural implements and superior and less costly methods of cultivation, by hiring improved implements at concession rates and by giving necessary help to the public as far as possible. It is gratifying to note that people are showing a greater tendency towards agricultural improvement and it is to be hoped that they will not fail to profit themselves by adopting improved implements and improved methods of cultivation in the near future.

163. I am glad to note that Mr. Darshane, since his appointment, has been taking great interest and trying hard for the material advancement of the Agricultural Department.

Minors' Estates.

164. The number of estates of the minors that were under the State management at the beginning of the year was 12 with the balance of Rs. 1,27,713-1-0. Of these two estates of the value of Rs. 62,367-0-1 were handed over to the minors as they attained majority. There thus remained 10 estates of the value of Rs. 65,346-0-11. One more estate of a minor was added during the year. The value of the estates of all these minors after deduction and addition was Rs. 78,369-0-1 including the receipts of the year. The expenditure was Rs. 13,946-3-1. The closing balance was Rs. 64,422-13-0. Out of this amount Rs. 61,130-5-2 are in the shape of bonds and Rs. 3,292-7-10 in cash. The education of the minors is properly attended to and they are showing good progress.

The Ryots' Assemblies.

165. These were held during the year at Kundal, Atpadi and Gundal as usual while I had gone there for the annual inspection work. The meetings were largely attended by people both literate and illiterate from all the villages in the Talukas. Several grievances were put forth and they were redressed as far as practicable.

Dewasthans.

166. There are eleven Dewasthans managed by the State. The fairs that were held in connection with these were attended by a large number of people. Cattle bazars were also held at some of these fairs and good many cattle were sold therein. Police arrangements were properly made and sanitary measures were strictly observed in these fairs.

Cattle Breeding.

167. The total number of the Khillar cattle kept at Atpadi was 49 in all. They did not thrive well during the year on account of the insufficient grazing and fodder due to the unfavourable season. There are, besides, 12 camels kept for carrying loads.

Taxes on Trade.

168. There are no taxes on trade.

Tolls.

169. There are two toll-bars within the State limits - one at Dighanchi and the other at Bhivghat. Government have sanctioned, in their Resolution No. A/114 dated 20th January 1911, P. W. D., received with your No. 46 dated 2nd February 1911, the exemption of State officials whose status corresponds to the status of those exempted in British India, from payment of toll at certain toll-bars in the Satara and Bijapur Districts. The same concession is also given by the District Local Board at Local Fund toll-bars. I have also granted similar concessions to British Officers who happen to pass toll-bars in the State on official duty.

Wild Animals.

170. Wolves and pigs are the only wild animals in the State. There was not much damage from wolves during the year. Prizes were given for the destruction of wild pigs who cause much damage to the crops.

Libraries.

171. There are three libraries in the State, which are very useful to the public. No proscribed books or papers are allowed to be subscribed.

Printing Press.

172. There is only one type-printing press of the State at Aundh. It is

generally used for printing standard forms required for the use of the offices in the State and Court fee and general stamps. No newspapers or magazines are printed in it. The "Aundh State Gazette" which has been started from October 1920 is printed in this press and published every month.

Records.

173. The records have been carefully assorted and they are in a good condition.

Record of Rights.

174. The work of the Record of Rights is complete. Rewriting is going on in the Talukas where the term has expired.

Family Pension Fund.

175. The fund has been started for giving relief to the widows and children of the State servants who die prematurely and it has been of a very great use to them. The amount of the fund is credited into the State Bank. About 29 widows and 42 children in all enjoy pensions from this fund.

Maratha and Lingayat Funds.

176. These funds are started for helping poor and deserving students from the Maratha and Lingayat castes. The proceeds of these funds are used in granting loans to agriculturists and from the interest realised scholarships are given to the boys of these castes.

Departmental and Pleaders' Examinations.

177. During the year of report 4 candidates appeared for the Lower Standard Examination and 2 for the Pleaders' Examination and all of them passed.

178. In conclusion, I thank you, the Commissioner, C. D. and the Government for the kind support and advice which I have received from time to time and which, I hope, will ever be continued.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

B. S. PANDIT PRATINIDHI.

Chief of Aundh.

APPENDICES

FROM

I To XXVI-A.

*List of appendices accompanying the Annual Administration Report of the
Aundh State for the year 1920-21.*

No.	Name of Appendix
1	Changes in personnel of High Officials in the State.
2	Laws in force in the State.
3	Military Force (<i>Nil</i>).
4	Strength &c. of the Police.
5	Working of the Police.
6	Value of property stolen and recovered.
7	Crimes and their nature in the ordinary Courts.
7 A	Do. in the Village Panchayat Courts.
8	Working of the Magisterial Courts.
8 A	Do. of the Village Panchayat Courts.
9	Criminal appeals.
10	Civil work—Nature and value of original suits.
10 A	Do. of the Village Panchayat Courts.
11	Civil Work—Execution of decrees.
12	Civil Work—Appeals.
13	Jail and Lock-ups.
14	Registration of documents.
15	Registration—Receipts and Expenditure.
16	Municipalities.
17	Rain-fall.
18	Prices of food-grains.
19	Public Works—Expenditure.
20	Agricultural stock.
21	Excise shops and revenue.
22	Receipts and disbursements.
23	Medical relief.
24	Vital statistics.
25	State Schools.
25 A	Compulsory Education.
26	Co-operative Credit Societies.
26 A	Co-operative Stores.

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—I.

Names of high officials in the Aundh State showing changes in personnel during the year 1920-21.

Name of officer.	Appointment.	Period.		REMARKS.
		From	To	
Vaman Vishnu Date	State Karbhari	6th June 1920	5th June 1921	
Gangadhar Keshav Sapre	Huzur Chitnis	Do.	Do.	
Ganesh Babaji Hiwarekar	Treasury Officer	Do.	Do.	
Pandharinath Atmaram Inamdar, M. A., B. Sc.	Superintendent Educational Department and Director of Industries	Do.	Do.	
Mohaniraj Shankar Mulay, M. A.	Superintendent Laboratory Aundh	Do.	Do.	
Gopal Bhikaji Karandikar B. A., L. L. B.	Sub-judge	Do.	Do.	
Shivram Govind Darshan B. Ag.	Agricultural Inspector	Do.	Do.	
Vasudeo Krishna Kulkarni B. Com.	Manager State Bank and Registrar Co-operative Societies, Aundh State	Do.	Do.	
Narayan Vithal Goliwadekar	Head Master High School	Do.	5th October 1920	
Govind Bapuji Vabale B. A.	Deputy Educational Inspector	6th October 1920	5th June 1921	
Keshav Krishna Vabale B. A.	Head Master, High School	10th October 1920	5th December 1920	
	Ag. Head Master, High School	6th December 1920	5th June 1921	

5th July 1921.

V.V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State

APPENDIX—II.

List of Laws, regulations and rules in force in the Aundh State 1920—21.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during, year under report.	REMARKS.
<i>Government of India Acts.</i>			
No. XVIII of 1850, Protection of Judicial officers	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" XV of 1856, Hindu Widow Remarriage ...	"	...	
" XXXIV of 1858, Lunatics	"	...	
" XIII of 1859, Breaches of Contract	"	...	
" XLV of 1860, Indian Penal Code with amendments	"	...	
" II of 1861, Prevention of Gambling with amendments	"	...	
" III of 1864, The Foreigners' Act with orders regarding the registration and control of Non-Asiatic foreigners and the regulating of their arrival and departure from British India...	"	...	
" VI of 1864, Whipping Act with amendments.	"	...	
" XXV of 1867, Press and Registration of books	"	...	
" XIV of 1869, Civil Courts Act with amendments	"	...	
" VII of 1870, Court Fees with amendments ...	"	...	
" XXI of 1870, Hindu Wills	"	...	
" I of 1871, Cattle Trespass Act	"	...	
" XXVII of 1871, Criminal Tribes Act with amendments	"	...	
" I of 1872, Evidence Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" IX of 1872, Contract Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" XV of 1872, Indian Christian Marriage Act ...	"	...	
" X of 1873, Oaths and Solemn Affirmation Act with amendments	"	...	
" IX of 1875, Majority Act	"	...	
" XIX of 1876, The Dramatic Performances Act	"	...	
" I of 1877, Specific Relief Act with amendments	"	...	
" I of 1878, Opium Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" VI of 1878 Treasure trove	"	...	
" XI of 1878, Arms Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" III of 1879, The Destruction of Records Act...	"	...	
" XVIII of 1879, Legal Practitioners Act with amendments	"	...	
" XIII of 1880, Vaccination Act with amendments	"	...	

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. V of 1881, Probate and administration Act with amendments	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" XV of 1881, Factories Act with amendments	"	...	
" XXVI of 1881, Negotiable Instruments Act with amendments	"	...	
" II of 1882, Trust Act... ..	"	...	
" IV of 1882, Transfer of Property Act with amendments	"	...	
" V of 1882, Easements Act	"	...	
" VI of 1882, Companies Act with amendments	"	...	
" XIX of 1882, Land Improvement Loans Act with amendments	"	...	
" I of 1884, Local Boards Act... ..	"	...	
" IV of 1884, Explosives Act with amendments	"	...	
" XII of 1884, Agricultural Loans Act	"	...	
" XIII of 1885, Telegraphs Act	"	...	
" VII of 1887, Suits Valuation Act	"	...	
" VII of 1898, Succession Certificate Act	"	...	
" VIII of 1890, Guardian and Wards Act with amendments	"	...	
" IX of 1890, Railways Act with amendments	"	...	
" XI of 1890, Prevention of cruelty to animals...	"	...	
" IV of 1893, Partition	"	...	
" I of 1894, Land Acquisition	"	...	
" IX of 1894, Prisons Act with amendments and the rules framed under its sec. 59, sub sec. 5	"	...	
" III of 1897, Epidemic Diseases Act	"	...	
" VII of 1897, Reformatory Schools Act with amendments.	"	...	
" X of 1897, General Clauses Act	"	...	
" V of 1898, Criminal Procedure Code with amendments	"	...	
" VI of 1898, Postal Act with amendments	"	...	
" II of 1899, Stamps Act with amendments	"	...	
" VIII of 1899, The Indian Petroleum Act	"	...	

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. XII of 1899, Counterfeiting and forging Currency notes and Bank notes ...	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	*Press Notes Nos. 9268 and 10926 dated 3-11-19 and 22-11-19 respectively of the Judicial Department of the Bombay Government regarding the changes in the working of the Arms Act are also introduced.
" III of 1900, Prisoners Act	"	...	
" III of 1901, Municipal Act with amendments	"	...	
" XV of 1903, Extradition Act	"	...	
" VI of 1907, Seditious Meetings Act	"	...	
" V of 1908, Civil Procedure Code with special application of section 29	"	...	
" VI of 1908, The Explosive Substances Act ...	"	...	
" VII of 1908, The Newspaper (Incitements to offences) Act	"	...	
" IX of 1908, Limitation of Suits	"	...	
" XIV of 1908, The Indian Criminal Law (amendments)	"	...	
" XVI of 1908, Registration Act	"	...	
" I of 1910, Indian Press Act	"	...	
" IX of 1910, Indian Electricity Act	"	...	
" III of 1911,Criminal Tribes Act	"	...	
" XII of 1911, Indian Factories Act	"	...	
" XVII of 1911, Airship Act	"	...	
" II of 1912 The Co-operative Societies Act ...	"	...	
" VII of 1913, Indian Companies Act	"	...	
" * XX of 1919, Indian Arms Act (Amendment)	"	...	
" IV of 1920, Indian Census Act	"	...	
<i>Bombay Regulations and Acts.</i>			
" II of 1827, Pleaders Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" VIII of 1827, Heirs, Administrators & Executors	"	...	
" XII of 1827, Police (Duties and Powers of Magistrates)	"	...	
" VII of 1863, Exemption of Land Revenue ...	"	...	
" VIII of 1866, Poisons Act	"	...	
" VIII of 1867, Village Police Act	"	...	
" III of 1869, Local Funds Act with amendments	"	...	
" III of 1874, Watan Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" III of 1875, Tolls Act	"	...	

APPENDIX—II. (continued).

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during year under report.	REMARKS.
No. V of 1878, Abkari Act with amendments ...	Adapted from British Indian Acts.	...	
" VII of 1878, Forest Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" V of 1879, Land Revenue Code with amendments ...	"	...	
" VII of 1879, Irrigation Act with amendments.	"	...	
" I of 1889, Village Sanitation Act ...	"	...	
" II of 1890 Salt Act with amendments ...	"	...	
" IV of 1890 District Police Act with amendments	"	...	
" IV of 1903, Record of Rights, Bombay and the rules framed thereunder ...	"	...	
" I of 1905 Court of Wards Act ...	"	...	
" II of 1906, Mamlatdar's Court Act ...	"	...	
Shooting Regulations and rules ...	"	...	
Rules for the superintendence and management of jails in the Bombay Presidency Part I of 1901 ...	"	...	
Circular orders issued by the High Court of Bombay for the guidance of Criminal Courts & officers subordinate to it 1915.	"	...	
Circular orders issued by the High Court of Bombay for the guidance of Civil Courts & officers subordinate to it 1912.	"	...	
The Indian Naval and Military News (Emergency) Ordinance No. 1 of 1914	"	...	
The Foreigners' Ordinance No. III of 1914	"	...	
Motor Vehicles Act No. VIII of 1914. ...	"	...	
Ordinance No. II of 1915 providing special protection from Civil and Revenue litigation to Indian Soldiers on War as per G. R. No. 4235-W dated 2-6-1915, Political Department. ...	"	...	
Rules for the remissions of Court fees on probates &c. in respect of property of persons killed or dying in the present War as per G. R. No. 4486 dated 30 th July 1915, Political Department. ...	"	...	
<i>State Rules and regulations.</i>			
Rules regarding the uniform system of weights and measures of capacity.	Made by the State.	...	
Compulsory Education Rules. ...	"	...	
Village Panchayat Rules ...	"	...	
" I of 1919 A regulation to provide for the prevention of smoking by juveniles in the Aundh State ...	"	...	

5 th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—III.

Appendix III is not given as there is no Military Force in the Aundh State.

APPENDIX—IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police in the Aundh State for the year 1920-21.

Description of Office.	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished Judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Sub-Inspectors of Police ...	4	40, 37, 35	Rs. a. p. 15,031-7-10	...	...	...	...	2	4	...	All the men are instructed in drill.
Head Constables ...	13	20, 18, 14, 12		...	1	...	...	2	13	...	
Constables ...	38	12, 10		...	6	...	...	7	22	16	
Sowars ...	10	32, 30		...	...	...	...	...	5	5	
Total...	65	...	8,170-6-4	...	7	...	...	11	44	21	
Sundry armed men	76	...		...	...	...	...	...	27	15	
Grand total	141	...	23,201-14-2	...	7	...	...	11	71	36	

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested.		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Aundh ...	73	56	133	106	134	103	95	87	47	14||	69.3	82.1	65.5	84.5	* Remained over last year with the Police. § Six remained with the Police. † Remained over last year with the Magistrates. ‡ 5 remained to be disposed of. || Out of this one died in jail.

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Aundh...	5,979 10 0	8,278 3 6	2,565 2 6	2,668 3 6	42.8	32.2	

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of & cases awaiting trial in the Aundh State during the year 1920-21.

[illegible]

APPENDIX—VII. (continued)

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of & cases awaiting trial in the Auradh State during the year 1920-21.

Number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.						Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Terms of imprisonment.								REMARKS.					
		Balance from Past year.	Committed during the present year.						Total.	Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple imprisonment and fine.	Fine only.	Whipping.				Total.													
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
9	Voluntarily causing hurt, Sec. 323 ...	...	9	9	9	...	15	5	...	1	...	4	...	...	5	10	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
10	Do. and house trespass, Secs. 323-448	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
11	Do. by dangerous weapons, Sec. 324	...	1	1	1	...	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
12	Do. grievous hurt. Do. and abetment, Secs. 326-109 ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...		
13	Wrongful confinement, Sec. 342 ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
14	Assault or use of criminal force to detain a public servant etc. and obstructing a public servant, Secs. 353-186 ...	...	1	1	1	...	10	10	...	1	...	9	...	...	10	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
15	Kidnapping, Sec. 363 ...	...	1	1	1	...	6	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...		
16	Kidnapping a woman to cause her detention and abetment, Secs. 366-109	...	1	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...		
17	Rape, Sec. 376 ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...		
18	Theft, Sec. 379 ...	...	12	12	12	...	17	15	...	11	...	4	...	...	15	2	...	...	1	3	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...		
* CHAPTER XVII.																															

APPENDIX—VII—A.

Statement showing the Criminal work done by the Village Panchayats in the Aundh State during the year 1920-21.

Number.	Description of offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of cases undisposed of during present year.	Number of persons dealt with.	Number of persons convicted.	Punishment.		Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons let off on compromise.	Awaiting trial.	REMARKS.	
		Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Fine.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
I. P. Code.															
CHAPTER XVI															
1	Voluntarily causing hurt, sec. 323 ...	2	19	21	19	2	33	2	2	...	...	28	3	* This includes 24 persons that remained awaiting trial last year.	
2	Assault, sec. 352 ...	...	4	4	3	1	4	...	...	1	2	1	...		
CHAPTER XVII															
3	Mischief, Sec. 426 ..	1	5	6	5	1	25	2	2	1	21	1	...		
4	Criminal trespass, sec. 447.	1	6	7	5	2	11	2	2	3	4	2	...		
CHAPTER XXII															
5	Insult intended to provoke breach of peace, sec. 504	...	4	4	4	...	6	...	.....	1	5*	...	7		
Total ...		4	38	42	36	6	79*	6	6	6	60	7			

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Criminal Courts in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					REMARKS.	
		Past year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Arrested by police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of Magistrate.	Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
										Past year.	Present year.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	Huzar Sessions Court	5	8	...	24	2	...	...	...	18	26	...	5	21	...	...	...	...
2	District Magistrate	2	3	...	6	1	...	...	...	3	7	1	...	1	...	...	5	...
3	Sub-judge and First Class Magistrate Kundal	10	11	...	11	3	9	...	...	28	23	6	2	9	4	...	2	...
4	Daftardar and Magistrate First Class... ..	31	20	4	31	10	6	...	...	53	51	1	19	19	11	1	...	...
5	Special First Class Magistrate Gundal... ..	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	10	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
6	First Class Magistrate Kundal	8	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	16	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
7	First Class Magistrate Atpadi	7	20	2	38	5	11	...	...	25	56	8	9	32	7	...	...	...
8	Second Class Magistrate Atpadi	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Do. Gundal	20	14	...	6	...	8	...	...	35	14	1	2	9	2	...	...	...
10	Do. Kundal	11	21	...	11	4	35	1	...	23*	51	3	7	38	2	1	...	...
11	Third Class Magistrate Atpadi	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	110	91	7	103	23	72	1	...	238	206	21	39	111	26	2	7	...

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—VIII—A.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Village Panchayat Criminal Courts in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.			Persons disposed of.							REMARKS.
		Past year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in the present year.		Total.	Discharged, or Acquitted.	Convicted.	Let off on Compromise.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year.		
					Called by the Punchas.	Voluntary.								
													8		9
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
ATPADI TALUKA.														
1	Village panchayat of ATPadi	...	6	...	10	...	5	10	4	2	4	...	...	...
2	Do. Dighanchi	6	2	...	3	...	12	3	...	1	2	...	...	...
3	Do. Nimbawade	7	2	...	2	...	8	2	...	1	1	...	...	...
4	Do. Kargani	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Do. Zare	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Do. Kharsundi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Do. Gomevadi	3	3	...	6	...	4	6	...	...	6	...	...	...
8	Do. Shetphal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Do. Nelharanji	3	...	1	...	...	5	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
KUNDAL TALUKA.														
10	Village panchayat of Kundal	7	14	...	20	...	9	20	1	...	17	...	2	...

APPENDIX—IX.

Statement showing the result of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.														REMARKS.		
		Applica- tions rejected.		Sentences.						Proceed- ings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.			Pending.	
				Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.									
		Cases.	Persons.							Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.		Cases.	Persons.
Huzur Appellate Court of the Chief of Aundh	22	...	...	25	10	6	4	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	5		
District Magistrate, Aundh State	4	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	1		
Total	26	...	...	26	11	6	4	5	4	...	...	...	...	1	9	6		

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—X.

Civil work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Aundh State for the year 1920—21.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.										Suits disposed of during present year.					REMARKS.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																												
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.					Suits regarding landed property.					Suits for other rights.						Number of suits under Rs. 100.					Number of suits above Rs. 500.					Exparte.					Admitted & compromised.					Struck off the file.					Otherwise disposed of.					Value.					Average duration.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																								

5th July 1921

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—X—A

Civil Work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of by the various Village Panchayat Civil Courts in the Aundh State for the year 1920-21

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year, received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during year.		Closing balance.		Value of the suits filed during present year.	Suits disposed of during present year.					REMARKS.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.		Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.		Average duration.
Village Panchayat Civil Courts	17	36	44	59	61	95	25	67	36	28	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. Y. M. D.						

5th July 1921

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XI.

Civil work—Results of applications for execution of decrees in the Aundh State for the year 1920—21.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Number of applications pending disposal at the close of year.			REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
Civil courts in the Aundh State	221	200	Rs.* a. p. 48,832 13 3	301	336	Rs. a. p. 57,068 7 7	522	536	Rs. a. p. 1,05,901 4 10	322	331	Rs. a. p. 58,882 1 5	200	205	Rs. a. p. 47,019 3 5	78.	75	52	

* State

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XII.

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in civil suits in the Aundh State for the year 1920-21.

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during.		How disposed of								Average duration.			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Cases remanded for retrial.	Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of		Past year.	Present year.	
																				Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.			Decisions amended.
1. Special Appellate Court of the Chief of Aundh ...	5	3	13	13	18	16	15	13	3	3	Rs. a. p. 4,351 14 3	Rs. a. p. 3,002 12 5	12	8	2	2	...	1	1	...	2	0-1-3	0-1-0	V. M. D. V. M. D.
2. District Judge's Court ...	29	40	41	48	70	88	30	42	40	46	Rs. a. p. 6,091 0 11	Rs. a. p. 10,299 6 11	21	33	1	4	5	3	5	...	...	0-2-15	0-2-0	

5th July 1921

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jail and Lock-ups in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

Stations.	Number of prisons.	Number of prisoners.					Daily average.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.					
				Past year.	Present year.							
Huzur:—												One committed suicide in the Huzur jail.
Jail at Aundh ...	1	29	74	42	103	27·5	29·1	46	Rs. a. p. 6,022-14-7	20·4		
Lock-up at (1) Atpadi	4	21	57	78	78	3·6	8·3	12		17·1		
(2) Kundal												
(3) Gundal												
(4) Kimhi												
Total ...	5	50	131	120	181	...	...	58	6,022-14-7	...		

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIV.
Registration of documents in the Aundh State for the year 1920—21.

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents re-registered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		REMARKS.
			Mortgage.				Sale Deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
Aundh ...	654	964	184	425	315	357	10	6	3	2	142	174	653	964	2,43,599	911,430,800	1	...	...	...			
															Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.							

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1920—21 in the Aundh State.

Description.	Present year.			Past year.			REMARKS.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage ...	425	1,40,452 6 3	866 0 0	184	68,274 8 6	474 0 0	
Sale-deeds ...	357	2,39,189 13 0	1,109 11 0	315	1,48,209 9 6	871 14 0	
Wills ...	6	2,379 5 0	34 12 0	10	1,536 0 0	32 14 0	
Money bonds ...	2	750 0 0	4 14 0	3	400 0 0	3 8 0	
Miscellaneous ...	174	48,028 9 0	470 14 3	142	26,679 7 11	396 0 0	
Total ...	964	4,30,800 1 3	2,486 3 3	654	2,45,099 9 11	1,778 4 0	
Deduct expenditure ...	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	
Net profit ...	...	.....	2,486 3 3	...	.....	1,778 4 0	

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVI.

Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

Name.	Opening balance on 6th June 1920.			Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on 5th June 1921.	REMARKS.											
	Rs.	A.	P.	Past.	Present.		Past.	Present.													
1	2			3	4	5	6	7	8	9											
Atpadi	Rs. 128	A. 1	P. 5	Rs. 463	A. 10	P. 3	Rs. 536	A. 9	P. 8	Rs. 316	A. 15	P. 2									
Kundal	303	8	4	1,158	10	6	976	1	11	1,093	7	3	257	10	7						
Aundh	16	5	6	883	7	3	882	10	8	1,156	11	1	0	12	5						
Total...	447	15	3	2,505	11	9	2,798	8	9	3,246	8	0	2,395	6	3	2,671	1	10	575	6	2

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVII.
Statement of Rain—fall in the Aundh State for the year 1920—21.

State.	April 1920.	May 1920.	June 1920.	July 1920.	August 1920.	September 1920.	October 1920.	November 1920.	December 1920.	January 1921.	February 1921.	March 1921.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past five years.	REMARKS.
Aundh	0.31	2.14	2.85	5.85	1.38	4.36	2.27	..	..	0.23	..	..	19.39	30.22	28.57	
Kinhi	0.79	0.89	3.53	8.45	2.19	8.72	3.22	..	..	..	..	..	27.79	26.01	28.66	
Kundal	..	1	2.50	4.15	1.53	5.29	3.21	..	..	..	..	..	17.68	23.03	29.04	
Atpadi	0.04	1.12	2.54	0.78	0.64	4.08	3.72	..	..	..	..	..	12.92	22.27	20.71	
Gundal	..	..	0.90	0.45	1.95	5.21	0.65	..	..	..	..	..	9.16	17.28	19.56	

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food grains in the Aundh State for the year 1920—21.

Article.	During March. (Past year.)				During March. (Present year.)				REMARKS.
	Seers.	Chataks.	Tolas.		Seers.	Chataks.	Tolas.		
Jowari	6	12	0		5	6	2		1 Seer = 80 tolas.
Bajri	6	12	0		5	6	2		1 Chatak = 5 tolas.
Wheat	3	12	0		4	0	4		
Gram	3	12	0		5	1	0		
Tur pulse	2	11	0		3	11	2		

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

Description of work.	State Funds.			Local Funds.			Grand total.	REMARKS.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
Offices.		2,472 6 9	2,472 6 9	.....	.....	.....	Rs. a. p. 2,472 6 9	
Bungalows.		603 1 0	603 1 0	.....	11 0 6	11 0 6	614 1 6	
Other buildings.		4,192 3 1	4,192 3 1	.....	.....	.....	4,192 3 1	
Roads.		3,006 14 9	3,006 14 9	.....	.....	.....	3,006 14 9	
Wells.		216 14 6	216 14 6	.....	.....	.....	216 14 6	
Dharmashalas.		210 4 9	210 4 9	.....	45 0 0	45 0 0	255 4 9	
Ferry boats.		456 10 0	456 10 0	.....	.....	.....	456 10 0	
Miscellaneous.		1,825 15 0	1,825 15 0	.....	.....	.....	1,825 15 0	
Total		12,984 5 10	12,984 5 10	.....	56 0 6	56 0 6	13,040 6 4	

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XX.
Agricultural stock in the Aundh State during the year 1920-21.

State.	Year.	Horses and cattle.												Ploughs.		Carts.		REMARKS.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding.	Load carrying.				
				Male.	Female.													
Aundh	1919-20	14,666	12,431	229	4,382	350	309	129	193	61,723	1,724	1,861	117	1,523				
	1920-21	13,998	12,032	604	3,852	330	331	152	234	63,873	1,656	1,676	81	1,395				
Decrease	...	668	399	...	530	20	...	...	...	...	68	185	36	128				
Increase	...	...	...	375	...	...	22	23	41	2,150	...	...	...	...				

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXI.

Statement showing the Excise revenue of the Aundh State during the year 1920-21.

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		REMARKS.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Aundh	5	† Rs. a. p. 11,500 0 0	12	Rs. a. p. 10,240 9 2	11	* Rs. a. p. 8,820 0 0	3	Revenue of Tari is included in the amount of Abkari compensation.	31	Rs. a. p. 30,560 9 2	† The Abkari lease is renewed for a further period of 10 years commencing from 1st August 1914. * The lease of Hemp drugs which was renewed for a further period of five years commencing from 1st April 1916 has expired.

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX-

Receipts.

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure

No.	Items.	1920-21.	1919-20.	Increase.	Decrease.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
	OPENING BALANCE.—				
	State	3,16,615 6 3	3,35,392 13 8	.....	13,777 7 5
	Local Fund	3,158 0 1	6,720 13 4	.....	3,562 13 3
	Total	3,19,773 6 4	3,42,113 11 0	.....	22,340 4 8
1	Land Revenue	2,13,377 10 11	2,02,689 5 2	10,688 5 9	.....
2	Local Funds	17,114 2 9	15,854 4 11	1,259 13 10	.....
3	SAVER REVENUES:—				
	Opium	10,240 9 2	9,436 14 5	803 10 9	.....
	Abkari (including Bhang and Ganja)	20,320 0 0	23,669 6 9	.....	3,349 6 9
	Miscellaneous (including Registration)	9,628 2 7	10,252 12 1	.....	624 9 6
	Total	40,188 11 9	43,359 1 3	.....	3,170 5 6
4	Judicial (including Stamps)	24,891 8 4	20,273 1 0	4,618 7 14	.....
5	Education (Fees)	421 11 6	496 0 9	.....	74 5 3
6	Other Receipts	3,843 4 2	3,311 1 3	532 2 11	.....
7	Takavi	807 2 9	4,203 7 0	.....	3,396 4 3
8	Deposits	15,359 5 0	19,416 11 2	.....	4,057 6 2
9	Advances	28,083 6 8	11,624 14 4	16,458 8 4	.....
10	Debts contracted	24,553 7 1	9,979 11 11	14,573 11 2	.....
11	Interest on War-Loan bonds	12,879 8 11	15,598 0 0	.....	2,718 7 1
12	Interest on State Bank	6,720 7 5	5,235 5 9	1,485 1 8	.....
	Total	3,88,240 7 3	3,52,041 0 6	36,199 6 9	.....
	Grand total with balance	7,08,013 13 7	6,94,154 11 6	13,859 2 1	.....

5th July 1921.

XXII.

of the Aundh state for the year 1920-21.

Expenditure.

No.	Items.	1920-21.			1919-20.			Increase.			Decrease.		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Khaegi	43,840	6	10	36,962	4	11	6,878	1	11	.....		
2	Allowance paid to other members of the chief's family	11,000	0	0	16,100	0	0	.....			5,100	0	0
3	Incidental expenses	11,677	11	3	21,586	13	0	.....			9,909	1	9
4	Paga	14,789	9	9	10,680	1	3	4,109	8	6	.....		
5	Administrative (Establishment) ..	10,584	8	0	9,285	2	3	1,299	5	9	.....		
6	Revenue Department	11,917	7	5	10,948	4	0	969	3	5	.....		
7	Judicial Department	5,703	11	9	6,007	5	6	.....			303	9	9
8	Educational Department	31,001	11	6	27,990	2	1	3,011	9	5	.....		
9	Shibandi	8,170	6	4	6,058	10	5	2,111	11	11	.....		
10	Police	15,031	7	10	11,887	4	4	3,144	3	6	.....		
11	Jail	6,022	14	7	3,236	14	9	2,785	15	10	.....		
12	Dispensaries (including Vaccination)	5,387	6	8	5,319	6	10	67	15	10	.....		
13	Forest Department	56	0	0	44	0	0	12	0	0	.....		
14	Public works (including repairs) ..	13,040	6	4	7,836	5	6	5,204	0	10	.....		
15	Minor Establishments	9,178	15	8	9,056	13	2	122	2	6	.....		
16	Dharmadaya (Dewasthan)	22,473	10	11	19,285	15	1	3,187	11	10	.....		
17	Liquidation of debts ... ..	.....			916	8	3	.....			916	8	3
18	Miscellaneous	47,918	8	6	38,940	7	7	8,978	0	11	.....		
19	Deposits	15,348	9	0	13,483	14	6	1,864	10	6	.....		
20	Advances	20,017	5	5	32,144	8	6	.....			12,127	3	1
21	Watandars and Hakdars	23,494	13	2	22,119	2	8	1,375	10	6	.....		
22	Pensions	4,121	7	9	3,381	5	1	740	2	8	.....		
23	Investment in the State Bank	1,40,352	12	2	36,826	11	6	1,03,526	0	8	.....		
24	Takavi	23,985	0	0	2,147	0	0	21,838	0	0	.....		
25	Plague	106	3	3	57	9	6	48	9	9	.....		
26	Recruiting expenses	7	12	9	154	14	1	.....			147	1	4
27	Grain compensation ... ..	.....			3,133	8	6	.....			3,133	8	6
28	Repayment of Ryots' War-Loan ..	1,16,551	9	11	17,817	9	11	98,734	0	0	.....		
29	State Laboratory	1,732	10	10	.....			1,732	10	10	.....		
30	Printing Press	1,476	6	6	972	10	0	503	12	6	.....		
31	Census	91	5	3	.....			91	5	3	.....		
	Total	6,15,080	15	4	3,74,381	5	2	2,40,699	10	2	.....		
	Closing balance	92,932	14	3	3,19,773	6	4	.....			2,26,840	8	1
	Grand total	7,08,013	13	7	6,94,154	11	6	13,859	2	1	.....		

V. V. DATE,

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated.		Result of in-door patients.				Expenditure.	Daily average.	REMARKS.
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Aundh	6787	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. a. p.	65.2	*This amount includes the expenses of the native physicians.
Atpadi	3358	...	...	...	...	...		35.2	
Kundal	2642	...	...	...	...	...		48.3	
Gundal.	1080	...	...	...	...	...		16.9	
Total	13867	...	...	...	...	...	3,911 2 0	...	

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhai Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

Name.	Population.	Births.		Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Aundh ...	54504	2222	2356	1711	1600	...	111	32.2	36.5	24.7	24.8	

5th July 1921.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXV.

Particulars of the schools maintained by the Aundh State during the year 1920—21.

Number of Schools.	Description of schools.	Number of pupils on roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.		Expenditure.			REMARKS.
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High School.	Secondary.	Primary.	
47	1 Shri Yemai Shrinivas High School	100	76	76	64	Rs. a p. 7 11	Rs. a p. ...	Rs. a p. ...	* This amount includes the expenditure on compulsory education.
	3 Middle Schools	244	271	167	186	...	...	...	
53	42 Primary Schools for boys	1,655	2,135	1,312	1,413	...	...	...	
	3 Girls' Schools	175	131	121	92	...	...	23,642 3 7	
	1 Mahomedan School	25	26	16	17	...	...	...	
	1 Low Caste School	20	13	5	7	...	...	...	
	2 Aided Schools	97	44	71	34	...	...	...	
		2,316	2,696	1,768	1,813	7,359 7 11	...	23,642 3 7	

5th July 1921.

P. A. Inamdar,
Superintendent, Edl. Dept. Aundh State.

V. V. DATE,
Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX XXV—A.

Statement showing the particulars of the Compulsory Education in the Aundh State for the year 1920—21.

No.	Name of school.	Date of establishment of school	Population of the village.	No. of school-going children from ages 7 to 10.	No. of boys on the rolls.	Classification of boys on the rolls.					Daily average attendance.			No. of teachers.	Progress of education.	REMARKS.
						Brahmins.	Other Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Low castes.	Others.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
1	Boys' School Aundh	18 10 1915		159	159	64	82	8	3	2	132	7	I to IV stds.			
2	Girls' School Aundh	6 1 " 17	3087	64	64	38	25	1	...	...	49	3	Do. V Do.			
3	Low Caste School Aundh	6 1 " 17		13	13	...	...	...	13	...	13	1	Std. II only			
4	Boys' School Chikhalhol	21 9 " 17	635	17	17	...	15	...	2	...	13	1	I to II Stds.			
5	Boys' School Pargaon	21 9 " 17	296	27	27	1	17	...	9	...	21	1	Do. II Do.			
6	Girls' School Atpadi	6 2 " 16		31	31	...	23	7	1	...	17	1	Do. III Do.			
7	Boys' School Do.	15 9 " 17	5969	119	119	20	81	17	1	...	98	5	Do. III Do.			
8	Boys' School Kargani	1 6 " 19	3878	32	32	5	23	4	...	...	29	1	Do. IV Do.			
9	Do. Do. Shetphal	1 6 " 19	1413	30	30	...	28	2	...	...	25	1	Do. III Do.			
10	Do. Do. Nimbavade	1 6 " 19	1831	52	52	8	21	4	19	...	51	2	Do. V Do.			
11	Girls' School Kundal	22 11 " 17	4317†	32	32	5	27	...	...	...	26	1	Do. III Do.			
12	Boys' School Kundal	18 6 " 16		85	85	8	58	5	14	...	72	4	Do. III Do.			

† This population includes that of Kirloskarwadi.

APPENDIX XXV—A (Continued.)

Statement showing the particulars of the Compulsory Education in the Assam State for the year 1920—21.

No.	Name of school.	Date of establishment of school.	Population of this village.	No. of school-going children from ages 7 to 10.	No. of boys on the rolls.	Classification of boys on the rolls.					Daily average attendance.	No. of teachers.	Progress of education.	REMARKS.
						Brahmins.	Other Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Low castes.	Others.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
13	Boy's School Kirleskarwadi...	1 8 " 16	630	35	35	11	20	2	2	...	30	3	He. IV Stds.	
14	Do. Do. Ramapur ...	18 1 " 17	578	27	27	4	20	1	2	...	15	1	Do. III Do	
15	Do. Do. Korti ...	1 6 " 19	765	30	30	3	25	...	2	...	26	1	Do. IV Do.	
16	Do. Do. Kodoli ...	1 6 " 19	1250	36	36	2	31	...	3	...	33	1	Do. IV Do.	
17	Do. Do. Dighanchi ...	1 8 " 17	2524	109	109	12	83	12	2	...	78	4	Do. V Do	
18	Boys' School Kinhi ...	4 12 " 16	1629	89	89	11	50	14	14	...	65	4	Do. V Do	
19	Do. Do. Gundal ...	29 10 " 17	757	53	53	11	32	10	...	...	40	4	Do. VII Do	
20	Do. Do. Kanbur ...	1 11 " 17	384	41	41	2	33	6	...	...	36	1	Do. IV Do	
21	Do. Do. Galgale ...	19 11 " 17	304	54	54	1	43	...	10	...	40	2	I to VI Stds.	
22	Do. Do. Jamgi ...	3 12 " 17	530	55	55	1	44	3	7	...	45	2	Do. IV Do	
23	Do. Do. Hangargi ...	17 1 " 18	497	31	31	2	26	3	...	...	20	1	Do. IV Do.	
24	Do. Do. Kotyal ...	22 11 " 17	1049	99	99	8	71	15	5	...	91	4	Do. V Do	

25	Do.	Do.	Lohagaon ...	5	11	" 17	558	56	56	4	48	4	...	...	39	2	Do. IV Do.
26	Do.	Do.	Dhanargi ...	10	12	" 17	673	62	62	...	47	7	8	...	48	2	Do. V Do.
27	Do.	Do.	Takalgi ...	6	2	" 18	699	40	40	4	25	6	5	...	32	1	Do. IV
28	Do.	Do.	Sangam Mahuli ...	13	5	" 18	750	45	45	28	16	...	1	...	31	2	Do. V Do.
29	Do.	Do.	Vithalapur ...	6	10	" 19	637	34	34	1	33	...	...	...	25	1	Do. III Do.
30	Do.	Do.	Vibhutwadi ...	6	10	" 19	547	28	28	...	18	3	7	...	22	1	Do. II Do.
31	Do.	Do.	Nelkaranji ...	6	5	" 20	1695	24	24	7	17	...	...	...	16	1	Do. II Do.
32	Do.	Do.	Hosur ...	18	3	" 20	424	20	20	1	18	1	...	...	16	1	Do. II Do.
33	Do.	Do.	Dushere ...	16	2	" 21	1223	30	30	...	30	...	...	...	24	1	Do. III Do.
34	Do.	Do.	Sonkire ...	1	1	" 21	871	34	34	...	28	4	2	...	15	1	Do. IV Do.
*35	Do.	Do.	Bichud ...	16	2	" 21	1051	25	25	...	25	...	...	...	21	1	
*36	Do.	Do.	Bobalad ...	18	5	" 21	373	31	31	1	22	8	...	...	28	1	
*37	Do.	Do.	Sirbur ...	18	5	" 21	314	20	20	...	20	...	...	...	20	1	
*38	Do.	Do.	Kengalgutti ...	18	5	" 21	288	23	23	...	21	2	...	...	20	1	Beginners
*39	Do.	Do.	Bolchikalgi ...	18	4	" 21	310	27	27	...	20	7	...	...	15	1	
*40	Do.	Do.	Hubnur ...	22	5	" 21	267	22	22	...	18	...	4	...	18	1	
*41	Do.	Do.	Vihapur ...	22	5	" 21	939	16	16	...	16	...	...	...	16	1	
			Total.		...		43312	1857	1857	263	1300	156	136	2	1471	76	...

* Recently made compulsory.

5th July 1921. P. A. Inamdar, V. V. DATE, Superintendent, Edl. Dept. Aundh State. Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXVI.

Statement of the Co-operative Credit Societies in the Aundh State for the year ending 31st March 1921.

No.	Name of the Society.	Number of Members.	Deposits from		Loan from the Aundh State Bank.	Working capital.		Reserve fund.	Remarks.
			Members.	Non-members.					
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
1	Co-operative Credit Society, Kundal	81	724 0 0	.....	4,000 0 0	4,764 9 1	40 9 1		
2	Do. Kinhi	65	1,600 0 0	897 15 3	2,000 0 0	4,565 2 2	67 2 11		
3	Do. Aundh	33	155 0 0	.....	1,248 2 4	1,403 2 4	.....		
4	Do. Ramapur	33	568 0 0	.....	1,625 0 0	2,207 9 3	14 9 3		
5	Do. Kodoli	18	270 0 0	37 0 0	2,600 0 0	2,907 0 0	.....		
	Total.	230	3,317 0 0	934 15 3	11,473 2 4	15,847 6 10	122 5 3		

5th July 1921.

V. K. Kulkarni,

V. V. DATE,

Registrar C. C. S., Aundh State.

Karbhari Aundh State.

APPENDIX—XXVI-A.

Statement of Co-operative Stores in the Aundh State for the year 1920-21.

No.	Name of the Store.	Number of members	Authorised capital in 100 shares of Rs. 5 each.	Subscribed capital.	Total purchase during the year.	Total sales.	Dividend declared.	Value of goods on hand.	Remarks.
1	The Aundh Co-operative Store Ltd.	17	Rs. 500 0 0	Rs. 200 0 0	Rs. 768 15 9	Rs. 621 8 3	6½%	Rs. 175 0 0	* No business is done as the Store is registered on 30th May 1921.
2	*The Kundal Do. Do.	18	Rs. 500 0 0	Rs. 90 0 0	.....	.....	...	.....	

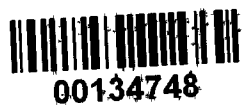
5th July 1921.

V. K. Kulkarni,

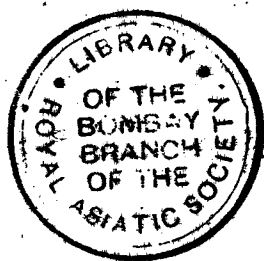
V. V. DATE.

Registrar C. C. S., Aundh State.

Karbhari Aundh State.



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